## Overview

## **Overview of Water Supply Administration**

The Water Supply Law sets standards for water quality and water supply facilities and specifies rules for the operation and management of the water supply service to ensure a stable supply of safe water.

	Municipal water supply (1, 556 system)	Supply of water for general needs     In principle, managed by municipalities     Needs authorization by the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare or prefectural governors	Supply for population: 5,001 and over
	Small scale public water supply (7, 413 system)		Supply for population: 101 - 5,000
Bulk water supply systems (102 system)		Wholesale of purified water to city water suppliers Most managed by prefectures or groups of municipalities Needs authorization by the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare or prefectural governors	
Private water supply systems (7, 907 system)		Supply of water for private use with supply for population of 101 or more, or with the maximum	
		daily water supply volume of more than 20 m <sup>3</sup> . Requires confirmation of design by the prefectural governor for installation (excluding for those installed by the national government).	
small scale private water supply systems		Supply of water from tanks installed in office buildings, apartment houses, etc. where the source is only from city water suppliers, with the effective volume of the tanks being more than 10 m <sup>3</sup>	

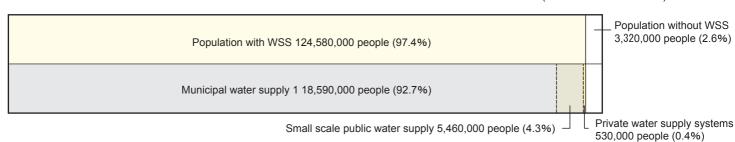
Source: Waterworks Statistics, 2007 (Waterworks Association)

Note: Number of systems at the end of FY 2007

## **Detailed Date 1**

## Breakdown of the Population Covered by Water Supply System (WSS)

(As of the end of FY 2007)



Source: Waterworks Statistics, 2007 (Waterworks Association)