

Detailed Data Statistics Related to Cancer

Item	Current status	Remarks (reference)
Number of deaths	<p>Total of 343,954 people (30.1% of all causes of death)</p> <p>[Male 206,260 people (33.9% of all causes of death)] [Female 137,694 people (25.8% of all causes of death)] →"1 in every 3 Japanese die of cancer"</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Risk of cancer increases with age → The gross number of deaths is increasing (effect of aging) → Age coordination rate (no more than 75 years old) has a tendency to decrease since 1995. (1995: 108.4 → 2008: 87.2) • Types of cancers are changing 	<p>Annual Total of Vial Statistics Monthly Report (approximation) (2009)</p> <p>Recounted by Center for Cancer Control and Information, National Cancer Center</p>
Incidence rate	<p>641,594 people</p> <p>Major sites in males(372,374 peoples) : stomach, large intestine, lung, liver, and prostate gland Major sites in females(269,220 peoples) : large intestine, breast, stomach, uterus, and lung ※For both men and women, cancer of top 5 sites occupy 60% or more of the total cancer patients.</p>	<p>National Projected Number of Local Cancer Registration (2003)</p>
Lifetime risk	<p>Male 54%, Female 41%</p> <p>→"1 in every 2 men and 1 in every 2 women will contract cancer in Japan"</p>	<p>The numbers were estimated by the science research program of Health, Labor and Welfare (2003)</p>
Patients and people taking treatment	<p>The number of people needing constant treatment was 1,520,000 peoples</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The number of people in hospital at the time of the survey was 141,400 peoples • The number of outpatients was 156,400 peoples • 297,800 people needed treatment per day (3.6% of those who are being treated) 	<p>Patient Survey (2008)</p>
Medical care expenditure for cancer	<p>2.6958 trillion yen(10.5% of total general practice medical care expenditure)</p>	<p>National health expenditure (2007)</p>