

to be confirmed



*Services and Supports for Persons with
Disabilities
in Japan*

Jan.2006



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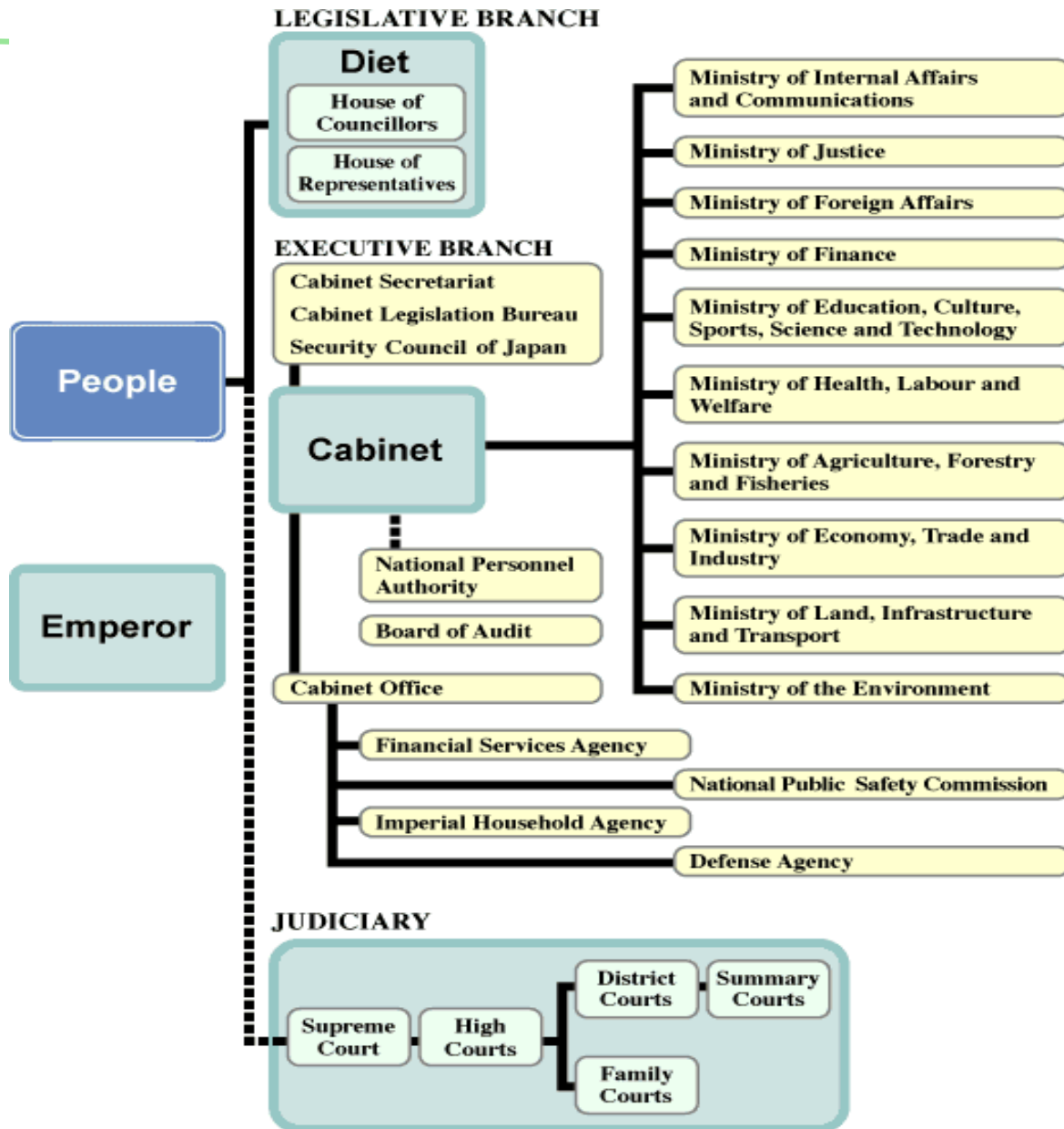
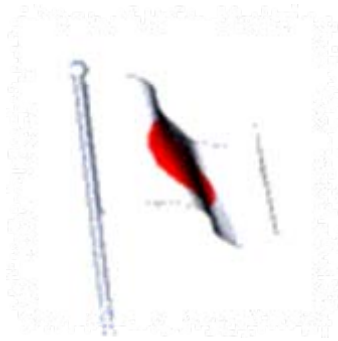
- **Background**
- **Recent Reform of Health and Welfare Policies for Persons with Disabilities**
- **Reference (Employment Measures etc)**



Background

- **Political System in Japan**
- **Government System in Japan**
- **Health Status**
- **Demographic Changes**
- **Number of Persons with Disabilities**
- **Change in the Legal System**

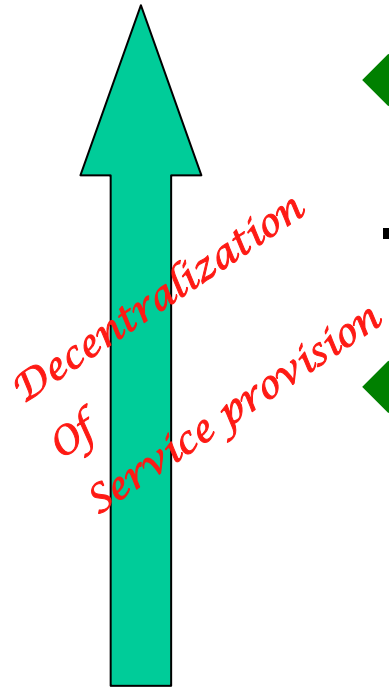
Political System in Japan



Three Layers of Government System in Japan

- ◆ **Role of Local Governments: about 1,300**
 - Responsible for provision of human services
- ◆ **Role of Prefecture and City Governments: 47**
 - Responsible for coordination, supervision and mid-term planning for local governments
- ◆ **Role of the National Government (Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare)**

Responsible for national planning and policy formulation as well as program monitoring and evaluation.



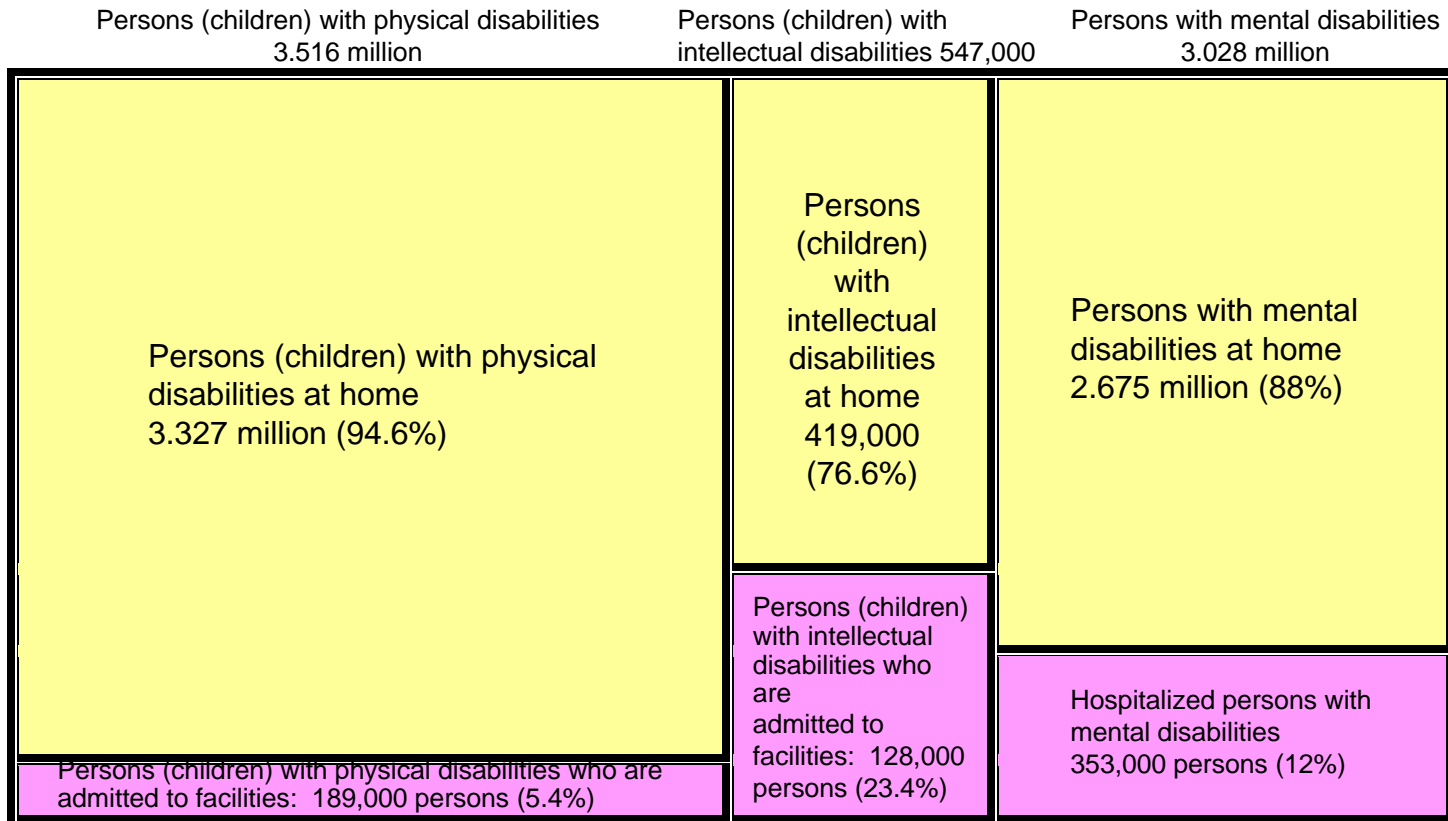
Comparison of Life Expectancy and Mortality (Between 1901 and 2003 in Japan)

		1901	2006
Life Expectancy	Men	44	Men 79
	Women	45	Women 85
Infant Mortality		153	2.9
Mortality from Tuberculosis		173	1.8
			(2002)

Number of persons with disabilities (home/facility)

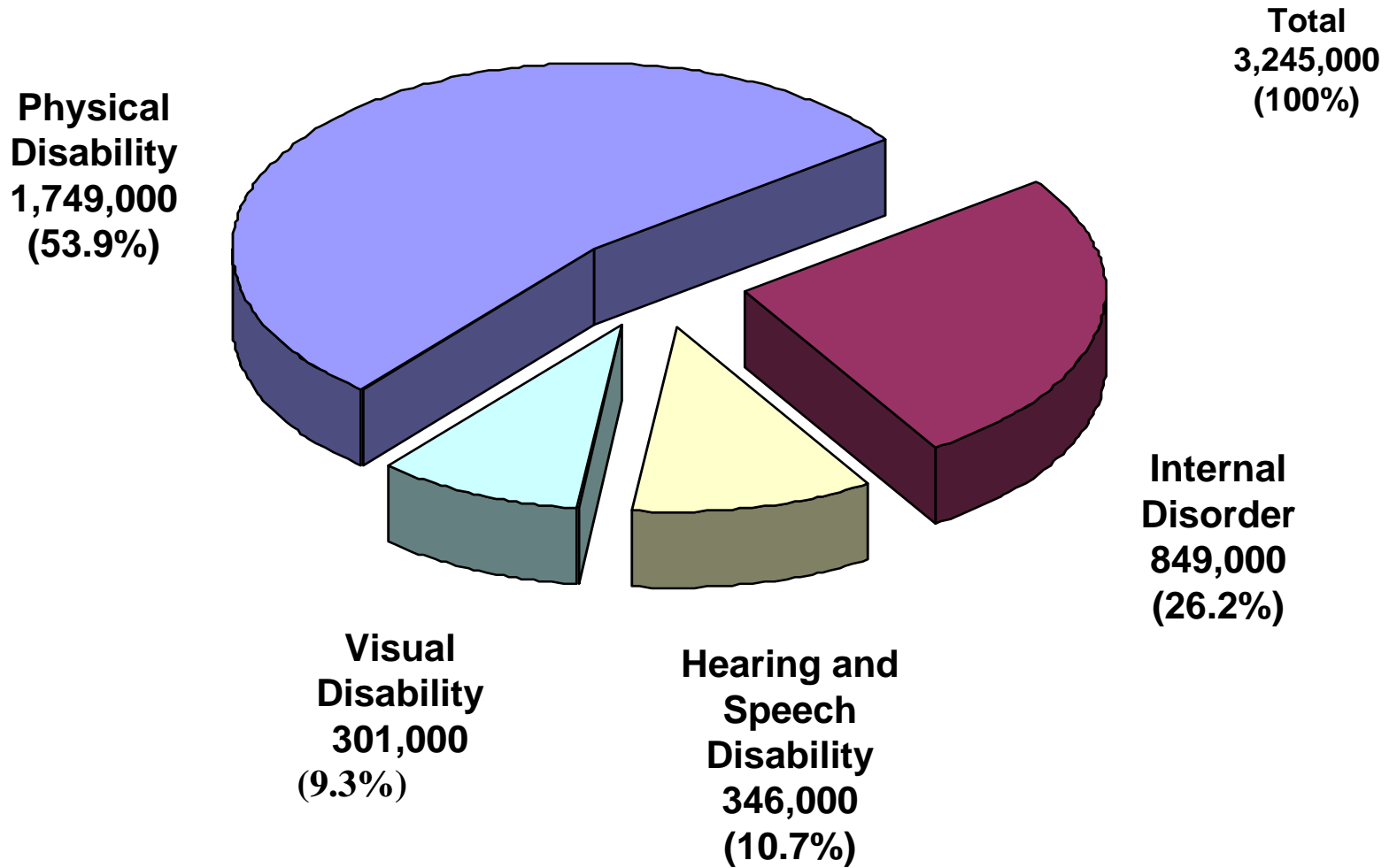
Total of persons with disabilities : 7.091 million (about 5% of the population)

Including 6.421 million people at home (90%) and people admitted to facilities: 670,000 persons (10%)

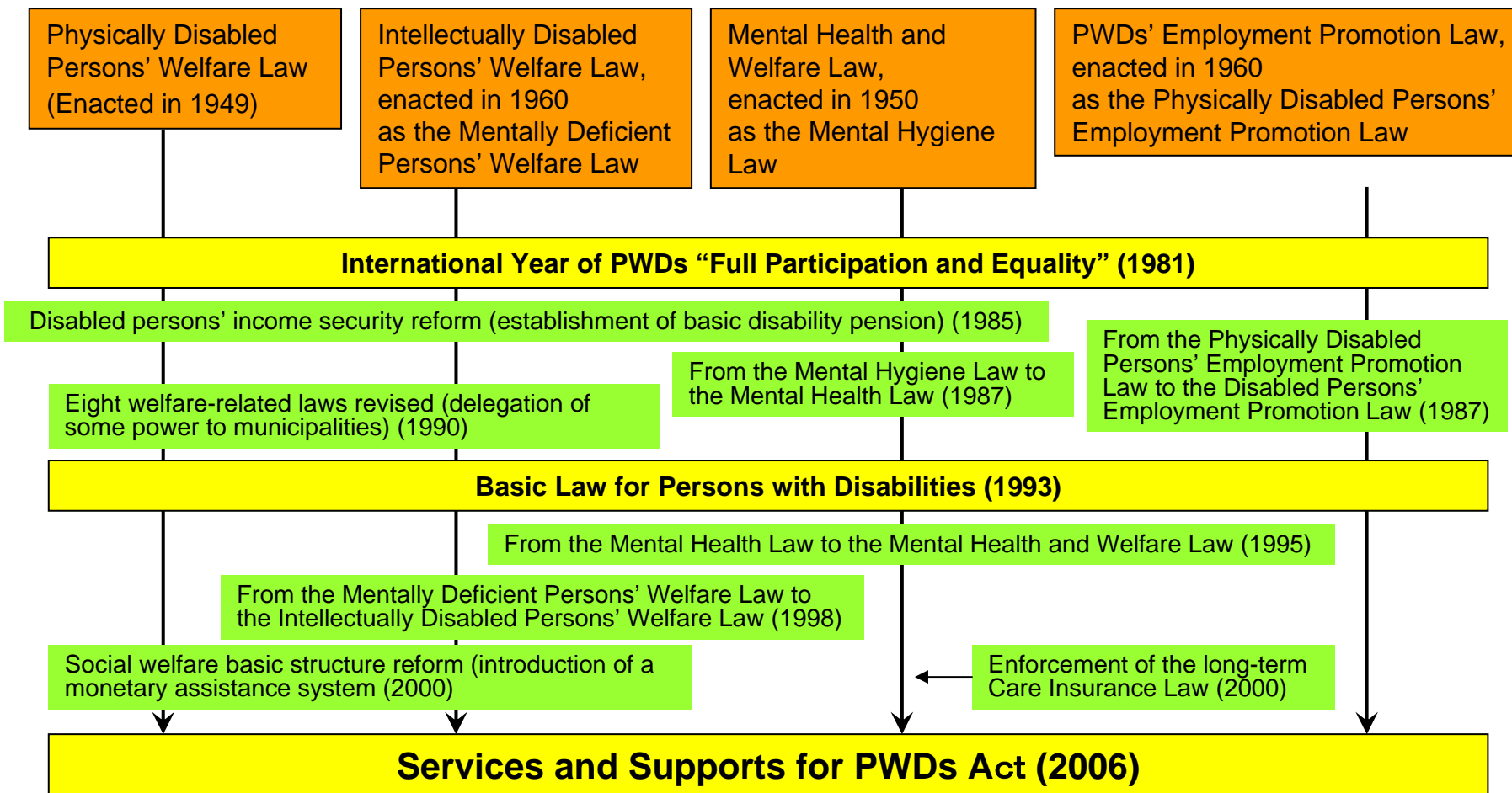


The number of persons (children) with physical disabilities was estimated based on a survey in 2001 and others; the number of persons (children) with intellectual disabilities was estimated based on a survey in 2005 and others, and the number of persons (children) with mental disabilities was estimated based on a survey in 2005 and others.

Number of Persons with Physical Disabilities for Different Types of Disability (1996)

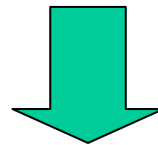


Change in the Legal System Related to Persons with Disabilities





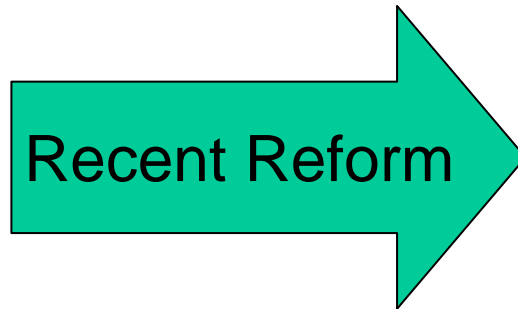
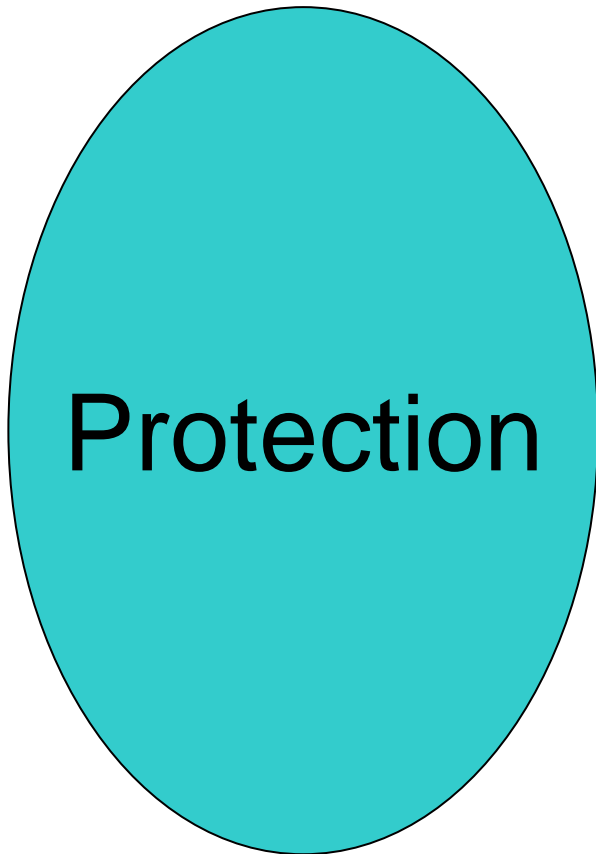
*Recent Reform of Health and
Welfare Policies for Persons with
Disabilities*



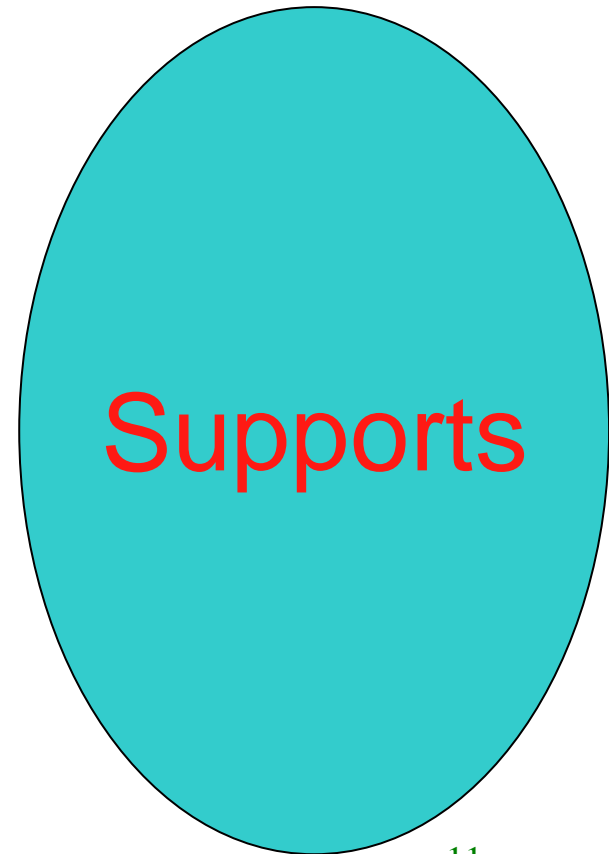
*Enactment of Services and Supports for
Persons with Disabilities Act, as
effective from April 2006*

Special- feature Change in the reform for PWDs

Before recent reform
(Before 2006.4)



After recent reform
(After 2006.4)



Services and Supports for PWDs Act

Recent Reform

Universal Platform

Old System

- Each physical, intellectual and mental welfare service has a different system



- Universal Platform of welfare services for all PWDs
- centered on Local Gov from the viewpoint of community welfare

User Friendliness

Old System

- Outdated and complicated service menus which do not match current needs
- Rigid regulation of service providers while increasing demands for services

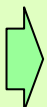


- Reform of the welfare system in which PWDs can more easily use welfare services.
- “De- regulations” to maximize the utilization of limited social resources in community (not only social welfare corporation, NGOs)

Institution to Community

Old System

- 55% of the disable student move to institutions.
- Only 1% of PWDs leave institutions for employment



- Fostering and support for employment of PWDs with willingness to work and abilities

Transparency and Clarification

Old System

- No rule of procedures and standards for fair services



- “Increase of transparency and clarification concerning procedures and standards” for fair services

Stable fiscal resources

Old System

- New service user are increasing, much more financial resources will be need.
- Unstable Gov fiscal responsibility

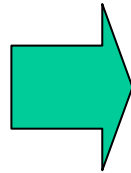


- Strengthening of a mutual support system for sharing increasing welfare service expenditures
(1)“Cost- sharing” in proportion to the quantity of services used
(2)“Clarification” of the national government’s “fiscal responsibility”

Paradigm Change in Welfare Services De-institutionalization



Multi-Function Group Home



Public Housing



Classical Group Home



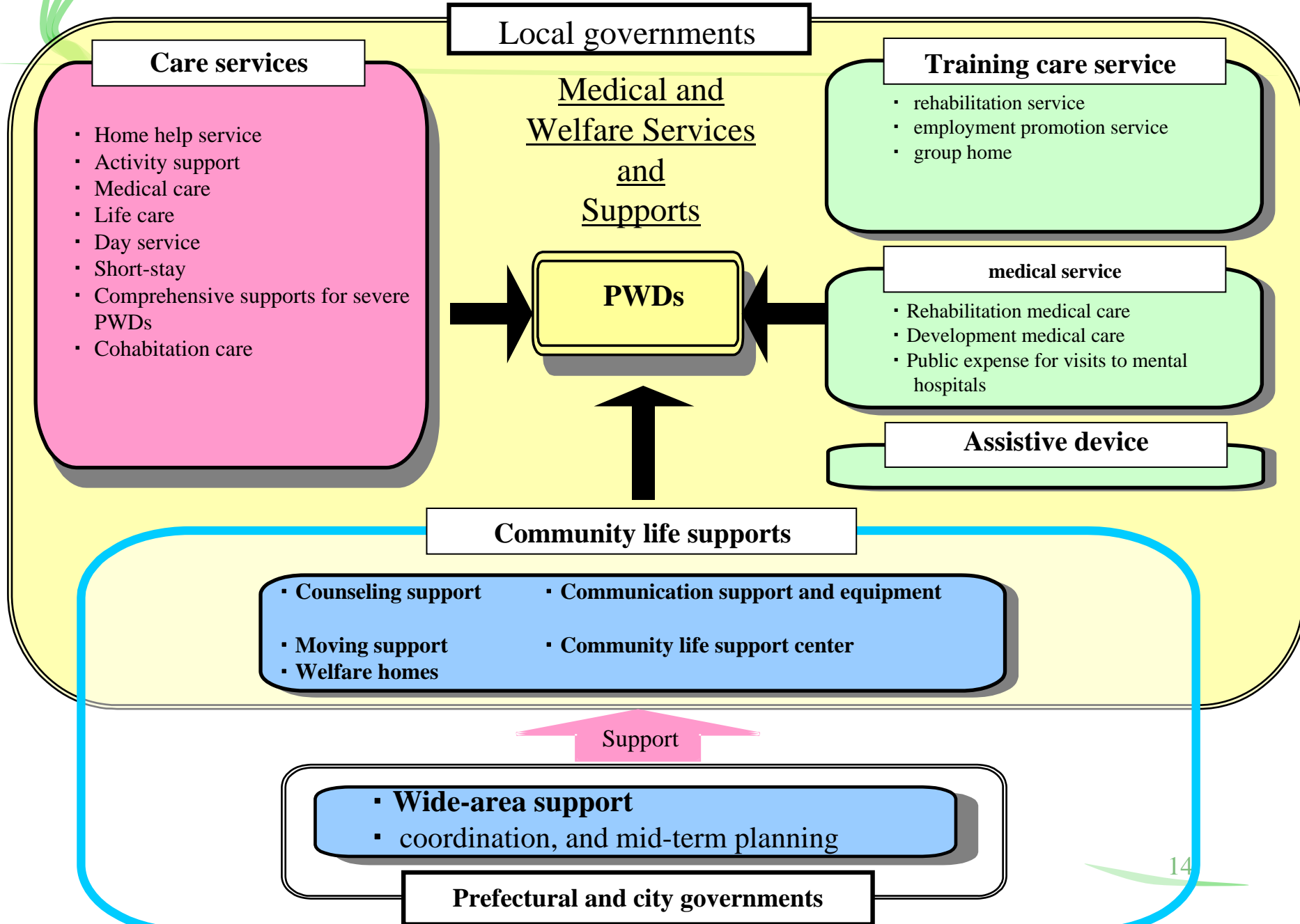
Welfare (protected)
Factory

Large Institutions built in
60's and 70's



Poor user satisfaction and gaps
between services provided and
users needs

Comprehensive Services and Supports Welfare System



Application Procedure for welfare services

Considering what is adequate services for PWDs, local government should provide services to PWDs.

Application and Consultation (to Local Gov)

First assessment (Local Gov)

① Physical and Mental condition

Second assessment (committee for certification of need)

Physician's evaluation

certification of care need

Objective standard to assess physical and mental condition of PWDs

Consideration lists

○community life ○employment ○daily life ○care giver ○living place

② assessment of community activities, care giver, employment

Interview for applicant

③ PWDs's opinion

Hearing of committee for certification of need

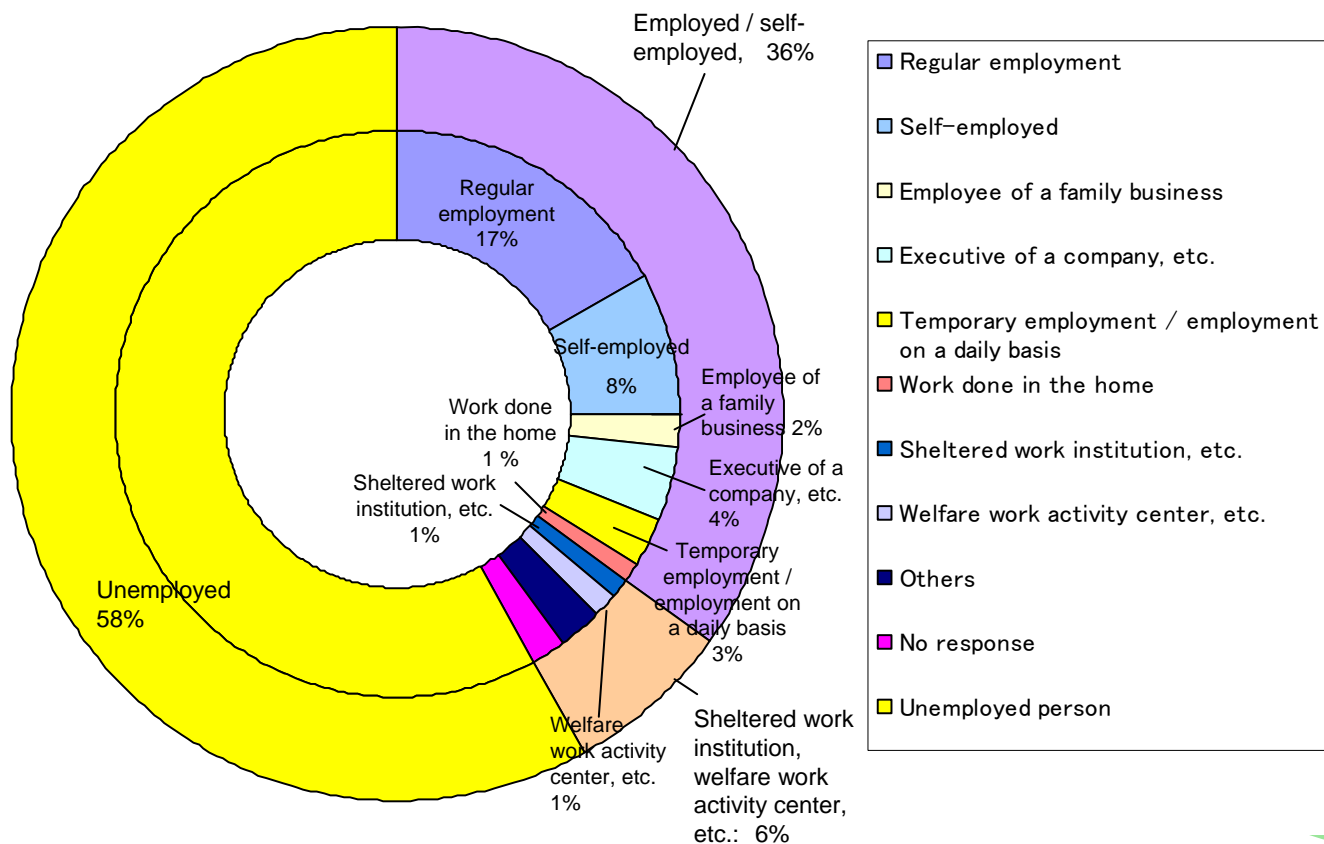
Providing Services for PWDs



Employment Measures

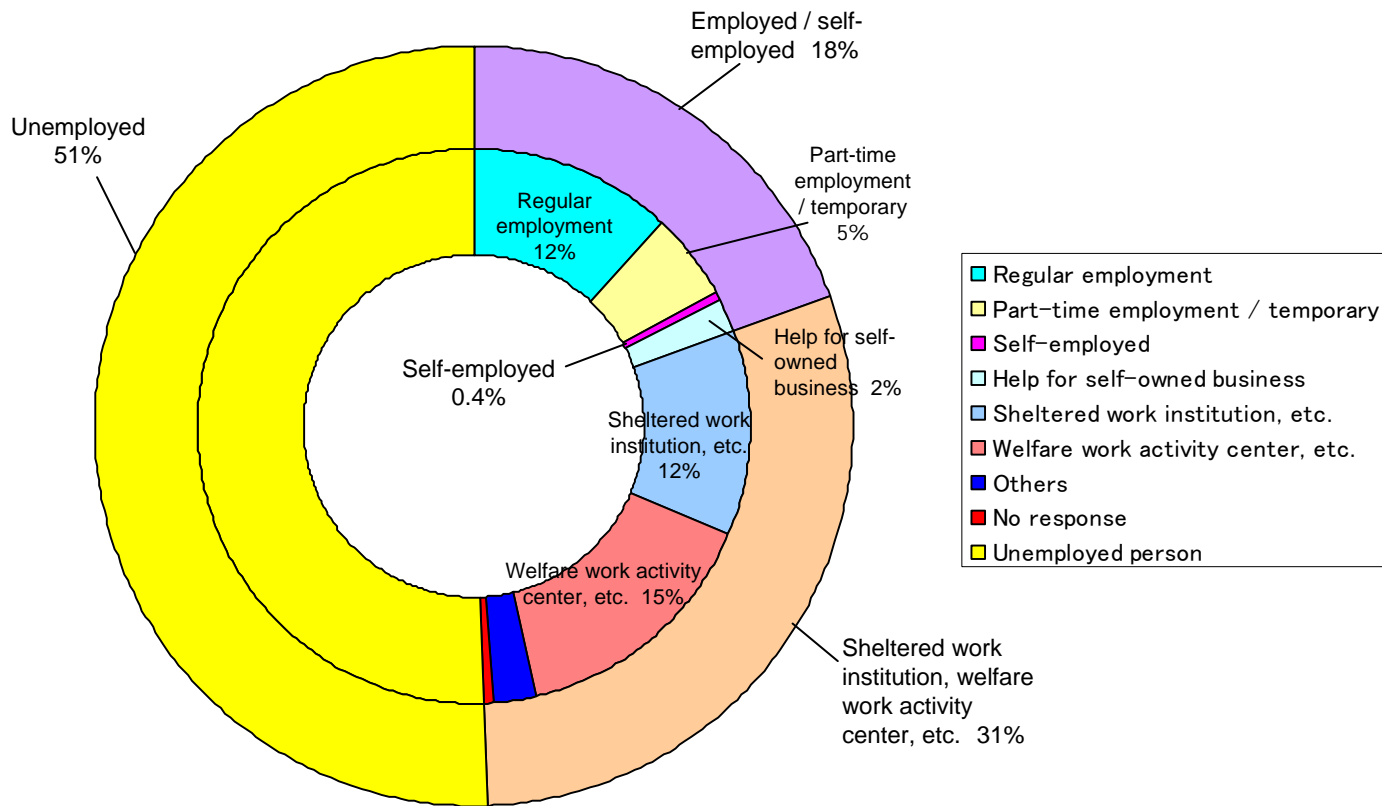
Persons with physical disabilities

Employment forms of persons with physical disabilities (age 15 to 64)



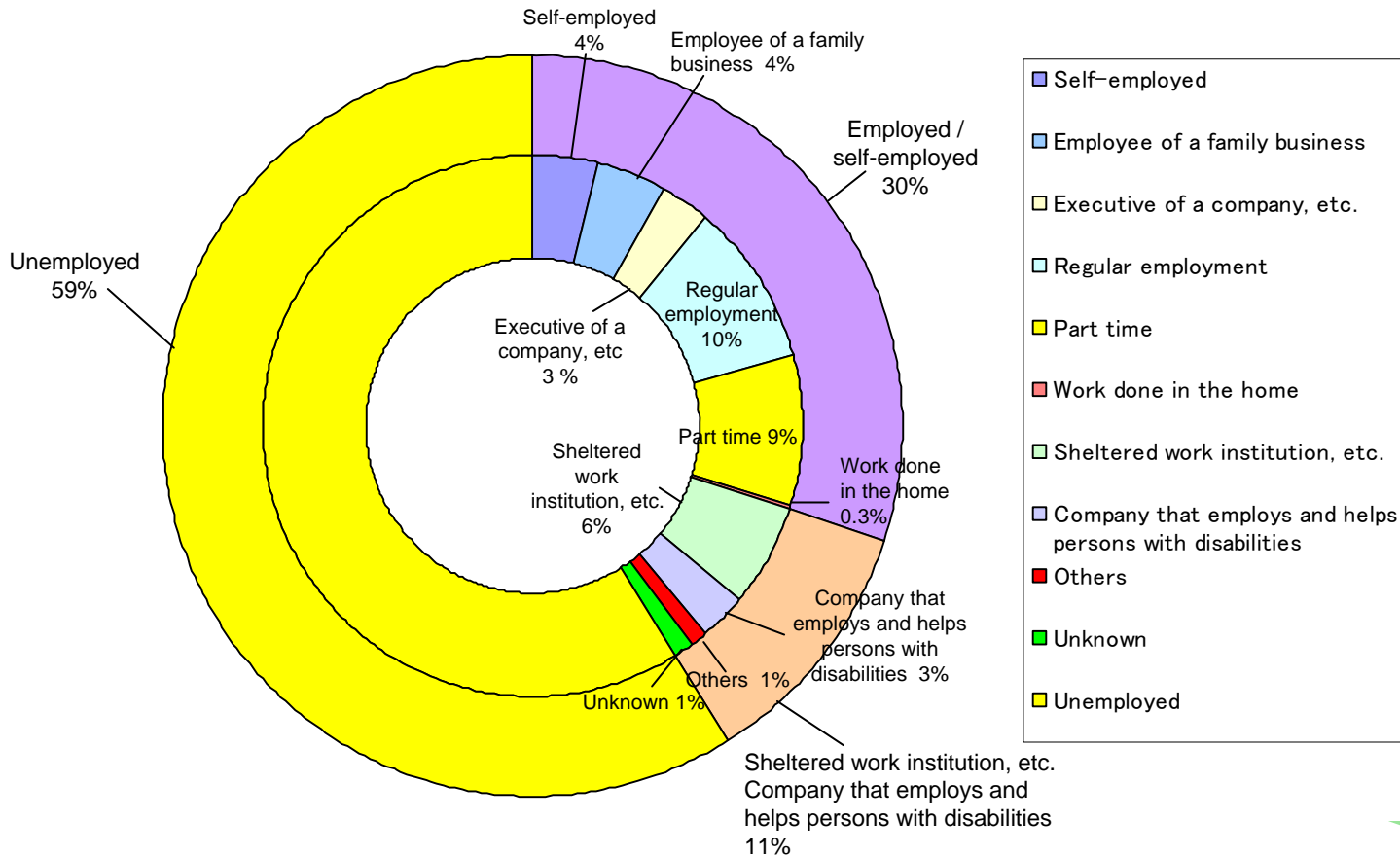
Persons with intellectual disabilities

Employment forms of persons with intellectual disabilities (age 15 to 64)



Persons with mental disabilities

Employment forms of persons with mental disabilities (age 20 to 64)



Physical Disabilities Certificate











Thank you for your kind attention !

