Disaster Risk Management at ADB with Lessons from Yolanda

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OVERVIEW

- 1. What is ADB?
- 2. Lessons from Typhoon Yolanda
- 3. Disaster Risk Management at ADB
- 4. Japan can support ADB
- 5. Discussion Points
- 6. ADB would like to work with you



1. What is ADB?



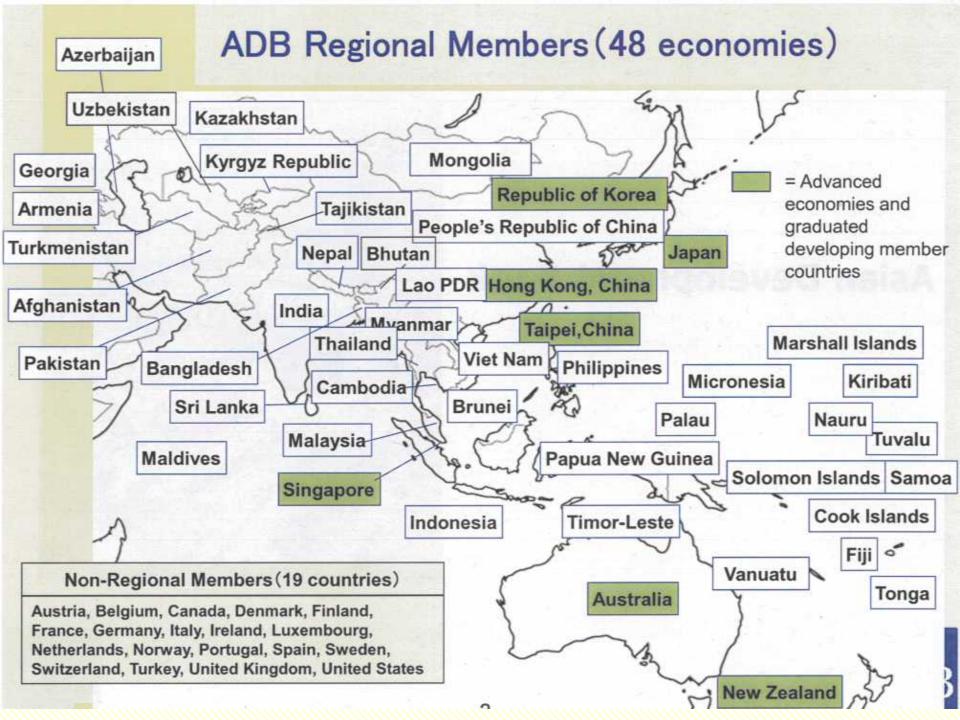
Asian Development Bank

- Headquarters in Manila
- Founded in 1966
- 67 members
- Capital (end of 2014): \$153.1 billion

Major shareholders (by capital share %): Japan (15.7%), United States (15.6%), PRC (6.5%), India (6.4%), Australia (5.8%), Canada (5.3%), Indonesia (5.2%), Rep. of Korea (5.1%)

- Paid in capital: \$7.7 billion, callable capital: \$145.4 billion (2014)
- Annual loan/investment volume including cofinancing \$ 22.9
 billion (2014)=¥2.75 trillion
- \$90.1 billion in loans outstanding
- 2,997 staff from 67 countries. 1,387 Filipino staff





ADB and Kobe



ADB-Japan Scholarship since 2010



2. Lessons from Typhoon Yolanda



Overall ADB response to Typhoon Yolanda

\$3 MILLION GRANT

from the Asia Pacific Disaster Fund





IN IMMEDIATE RELIEF ASSISTANCE

\$20 MILLION GRANT

from the Japan Fund for Poverty Reduction to restore and rehabilitate



SYSTEMS





CENTERS





BUILDINGS

DISTRIBUTION

to provide electricity to health and education centers.

\$372 MILLION LOAN

Support For Philippine Government's Kalahi-CIDDS





BASIC SOCIAL SERVICES to restore

NATIONAL COMMUNITY DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

will benefit ...



6,000 VILLAGES

PEOPLE

UP TO \$150 MILLION

from ongoing ADB projects



CONDITIONAL CASH TRANSFER PROGRAM PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO





ROAD IMPROVEMENTS

500 MILLION BUDGET SUPPORT

for postdisaster rehabilitation and reconstruction





TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND CAPACITY SUPPORT

ADB's Typhoon Yolanda response team



with expertise in postdisaster disaster relief and recovery

YOLANDA EXTENDED MISSION IN TACLOBAN



JFPR Assistance to Yolanda-Affected Leyte



JFPR Background

- Established in 2000 and funded by the Government of Japan.
- Objectives: Poverty reduction and capacity building
- Japan's aggregate contribution: US\$702.7 million.

Japan Fund for Poverty Reduction (as of 20 Oct. 2015)		
Modality	Overall	Disaster Risk Management
Grant up to \$3 mil per project	165 projects \$487.5 mil	25 projects \$88.0 mil
Technical Assistance (TA) up to \$2 mil per project	191 projects \$218.2 mil	10 projects \$13.0 mil



Overview of JFPR Assistance

- US\$20 Million
- Largest amount for a project in JFPR's 15-year history
- Fastest approval: approved the same day proposal was submitted.
- Complete components for emergency assistance:
 - (i) Livelihood Recovery;
 - (ii) Community infrastructure rehabilitation; and
 - (iii) Capacity enhancement for responding to future disasters



LEYTE PROVINCE

4 Project Sites

- Kananga
- Mayorga
- Javier
- Mahaplag



Social service delivery

Day care center for children of working mothers







Livelihood Activities

- Cash for work program
- Skills training for out of school youth
- Unconditional cash transfer program







Community Infrastructures

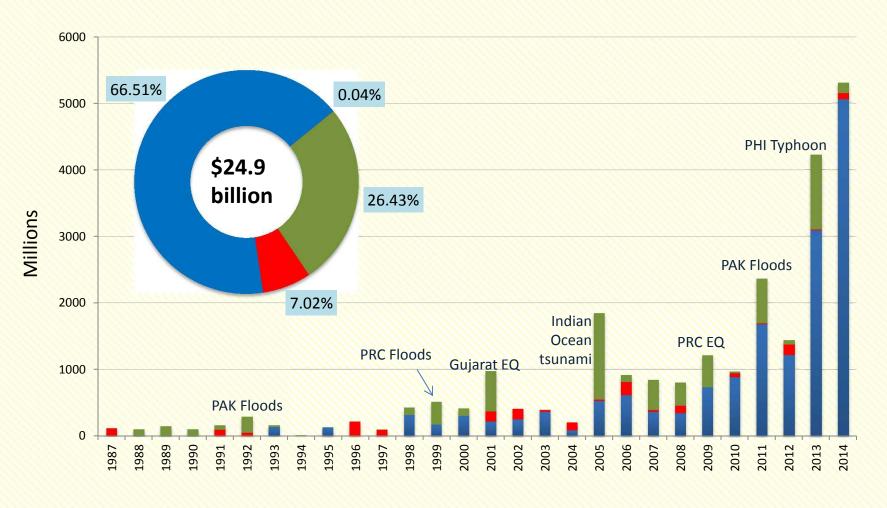
Community Driven
 Development (CDD) water
 system



3. Disaster Risk Management at ADB



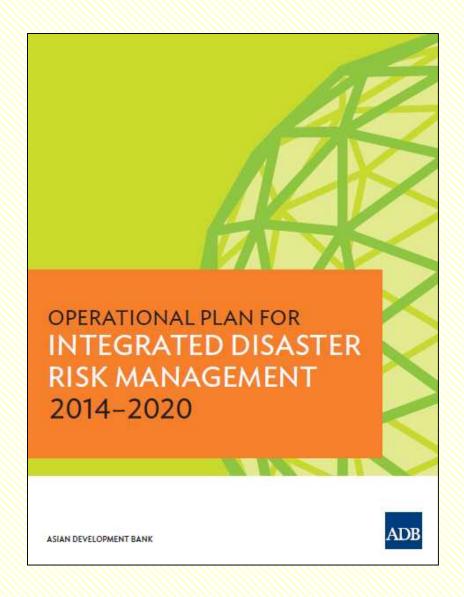
ADB DRM-related operations, 1987-2014



Disaster Risk Financing

- Embedded Disaster Risk Reduction
- Stand-alone Disaster Risk Reduction Post-Disaster Assistance







Implementing the IDRM approach through cross-cutting actions

Institutionalizing IDRM

Capacity development and knowledge solutions

Investments in disaster resilience

Stakeholder engagement

Outcome

Reduced disaster risk in the immediate and long term

Enhanced residual risk management for effective disaster response



Institutionalizing DRM

Development of tools and guidance materials to embed risk reduction in ADB's core business processes

- Disaster and climate risk project screening
- Disaster and climate risk sensitization of CPSs





Capacity development and knowledge solutions



Strengthening of internal and external DRM capacity and knowledge requirements



Investments in disaster resilience: disaster risk reduction

- Stand alone disaster risk reduction initiatives
- Embedded disaster risk reduction







Investments in disaster resilience: post-disaster assistance

Emphasis on build back better

ADB is strengthening its capacity to provide timely assistance to post-disaster affected countries through

- Recent steps to enhance rapid processing of emergency assistance loans
- Introduction of pilot Disaster Response Facility under ADF XI
- Replenishment of Asia Pacific Disaster Response Fund



4. Japan can support ADB in:

- i. Build Back Better
- ii. Institutional Coordination
- iii. Resilience to Future Disasters



5. Discussion Points

- Provision of medical care
- Living support for the affected people
- Employment support and creation
- Community-based disaster preparedness
- Cooperation and collaboration between Japan and the ASEAN region



ADB would like to work with you



Thank you

http://www.adb.org/themes/environment/disasterrisk-management

