

Chart 3. THE STATUS OF NEW JOB OPENINGS FOR GENERAL EMPLOYMENT BY KEY INDUSTRY AND BY SIZE

○ The status of new job openings for general employment by key industry and by size (excluding new school graduates)

May 2018

Industry, Size		Total number	Excluding part-timers	Regular workers	Casual, seasonal workers	Part-timers
New job openings (person(s))	Total	962,465	579,273	535,409	43,864	383,192
	D Construction	75,487	70,292	68,632	1,660	5,195
	E Manufacturing	97,429	69,615	65,394	4,221	27,814
	G Information and communications	25,253	22,113	19,875	2,238	3,140
	H Transport and postal activities	56,619	42,713	39,010	3,703	13,906
	I Wholesale and retail trade	142,862	70,157	67,856	2,301	72,705
	L Scientific research, professional and technical services	24,286	17,250	16,252	998	7,036
	M Accommodations, eating and drinking services	81,884	33,863	32,780	1,083	48,021
	N Living-related and personal services and amusement services	41,668	20,706	20,116	590	20,962
	O Education, learning support	15,264	6,811	6,627	184	8,453
	P Medical , health care and welfare	212,966	114,059	112,194	1,865	98,907
	R Services (not elsewhere classified)	134,412	80,533	58,951	21,582	53,879
	(By size)					
	29 people and under	630,009	376,709	347,584	29,125	253,300
	30 - 99 people	214,620	128,272	121,107	7,165	86,348
100 - 299 people	79,202	50,401	45,936	4,465	28,801	
300 - 499 people	17,180	10,253	8,788	1,465	6,927	
500 - 999 people	11,828	6,874	5,908	966	4,954	
1,000 people and over	9,626	6,764	6,086	678	2,862	
Change from the same month of the preceding year (%)	Total	5.5	7.0	7.5	1.2	3.4
	D Construction	8.8	8.3	8.9	-12.8	17.4
	E Manufacturing	9.2	10.6	12.0	-7.4	5.9
	G Information and communications	-0.1	-0.6	0.4	-8.9	3.5
	H Transport and postal activities	6.9	7.0	6.2	17.0	6.5
	I Wholesale and retail trade	3.1	6.0	7.2	-19.3	0.5
	L Scientific research, professional and technical services	-1.1	-0.1	0.5	-7.9	-3.7
	M Accommodations, eating and drinking services	-1.5	6.0	6.3	-4.3	-6.2
	N Living-related and personal services and amusement services	7.9	9.3	11.8	-37.2	6.6
	O Education, learning support	9.0	13.1	15.1	-30.3	5.9
	P Medical , health care and welfare	6.5	6.8	7.1	-5.9	6.1
	R Services (not elsewhere classified)	6.7	7.2	6.4	9.5	5.8
	(By size)					
	29 people and under	4.2	5.7	6.0	1.9	2.1
	30 - 99 people	7.3	8.0	8.6	-1.4	6.2
100 - 299 people	7.3	10.1	10.8	3.4	2.7	
300 - 499 people	14.6	11.5	14.6	-4.2	19.6	
500 - 999 people	11.5	14.6	19.5	-8.3	7.5	
1,000 people and over	19.8	28.3	30.6	11.1	3.5	

○ Transition in numbers in key industries in comparison with change from the same month of the preceding year (%) (excluding new school graduates)

(%)

Industry	2017								2018				
	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	
Total	6.3	3.5	6.3	5.6	7.1	5.5	9.6	2.3	0.2	3.1	4.6	5.5	
D Construction	7.6	3.7	8.0	6.6	6.1	9.1	9.6	2.4	1.8	5.9	5.4	8.8	
E Manufacturing	14.2	10.5	11.7	11.3	12.8	9.3	16.6	8.0	5.4	7.6	9.3	9.2	
G Information and communications	2.6	-2.1	1.2	-0.9	9.3	4.3	1.5	1.2	-3.2	-7.8	-0.4	-0.1	
H Transport and postal services	11.1	9.2	12.3	10.2	7.3	12.7	11.9	3.9	6.6	4.3	4.2	6.9	
I Wholesale and retail trade	3.1	0.2	2.1	0.7	6.6	3.5	5.0	-0.1	-1.7	2.8	5.3	3.1	
L Scientific research, professional and technical services	3.8	0.8	8.6	0.6	3.5	9.5	10.2	-6.5	-1.7	2.9	-0.2	-1.1	
M Accommodations, eating and drinking services	4.3	4.7	1.8	3.8	0.4	-1.6	12.2	0.3	-8.5	1.9	-2.1	-1.5	
N Living-related and personal services and amusement services	1.9	-3.8	6.1	1.0	2.1	9.3	2.3	-0.6	0.4	0.2	-1.6	7.9	
O Education, learning support	-0.4	-1.8	18.3	3.1	-0.9	6.8	4.0	4.9	2.1	5.3	6.6	9.0	
P Medical , health care and welfare	6.6	3.3	6.5	8.6	7.9	6.1	11.2	3.1	3.7	5.0	5.9	6.5	
R Services (not elsewhere classified)	5.9	3.7	6.3	4.6	8.3	2.2	10.6	2.1	-1.8	-0.1	5.5	6.7	

(Note)

1. The data is classified based on the "Japan Standard Industry Classification" revised in October 2013.
2. "Regular workers" refer to either a work without fixed employment term or a work with fixed term of more than 4 months (excluding seasonal work).
3. "Part-timers" refer to those employees whose scheduled working hour is less than that of the regular employees in the same workplace.
4. "Casual workers" refer to a work with fixed employment term of 1 month to 4 months and "seasonal workers" refer to a work engaged for a certain term by seasonal labour demand or utilizing own leisure time.