## Chart 3. THE STATUS OF NEW JOB OPENINGS FOR GENERAL EMPLOYMENT BY KEY INDUSTRY AND BY SIZE

○ The status of new job openings for general employment by key industry and by size (excluding new school graduates)

March 2013

Industry, Size		Total number	Excluding part-timers	Regular workers	Casual, seasonal workers	Part-timers
	Total	793,120	472,092	429,529	42,563	321,028
	D Construction	61,163	56,853	53,512	3,341	4,310
	E Manufacturing	68,032	45,797	40,892	4,905	22,235
	G Information and communications	24,540	21,432	18,941	2,491	3,108
	H Transport and postal activities	44,105	32,692	30,633	2,059	11,413
	I Wholesale and retail trade	121,590	56,697	54,254	2,443	64,893
	L Scientific research, professional and technical services	23,970	17,287	15,920	1,367	6,683
	M Accommodations, eating and drinking services	64,185	24,013	22,084	1,929	40,172
	$\mathrm{N}$ Living-related and personal services and amusement services	34,666	17,669	16,706	963	16,997
New job openings (person(s))	O Education, learning support	15,042	5,716	5,377	339	9,326
(person(s))	P Medical , health care and welfare	156,748	88,235	85,770	2,465	68,513
	R Services (not elsewhere classified)	118,869	71,538	55,054	16,484	47,331
	(By size)					
	29 people and under	516,323	307,159	281,187	25,972	209,164
	30 - 99 people	174,857	101,796	93,783	8,013	73,061
	100 - 299 people	69,355	43,917	38,982	4,935	25,438
	300 - 499 people	14,188	7,890	6,879	1,011	6,298
	500 - 999 people	10,165	5,659	4,583	1,076	4,506
	1,000 people and over	8,232	5,671	4,115	1,556	2,561
	Total	3.6	1.5	0.6	12.0	6.9
	D Construction	8.0	7.9	8.6	-1.2	9.2
Change from the same month of the preceding year (%)	E Manufacturing	-4.3	-6.0	-8.5	20.7	-0.5
	G Information and communications	1.5	1.2	1.0	2.2	4.1
	H Transport and postal activities	-2.8	-5.7	-5.8	-4.7	6.5
	I Wholesale and retail trade	8.5	2.1	1.6	13.0	14.9
	L Scientific research, professional and technical services	0.9	0.4	2.8	-20.8	2.3
	M Accommodations, eating and drinking services	10.1	20.6	15.7	135.2	4.6
	$\mathrm{N}$ Living-related and personal services and amusement services	2.8	-2.9	-2.6	-7.5	9.5
	O Education, learning support	4.0	-0.6	-0.9	5.9	7.0
	P Medical , health care and welfare	6.0	4.4	4.0	20.1	8.1
	R Services (not elsewhere classified)	2.9	3.2	-0.9	19.6	2.5
	(By size)					
	29 people and under	6.2	4.6	3.3	20.0	8.8
	30 - 99 people	1.5	-1.7	-1.3	-6.6	6.3
	100 - 299 people	-4.0	-4.9	-5.8	3.1	-2.3
	300 - 499 people	-9.6	-16.2	-17.6	-5.2	0.2
	500 - 999 people	-5.1	-11.8	-17.3	23.4	4.9
	1,000 people and over	-1.1	-1.3	-12.2	47.3	-0.6

O Transition in numbers in key industries in comparison with change from the same month of the preceding year (%) (excluding new school graduates)

(%)

													(%)
Industry			2012								2013		
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
	Total	14.2	24.5	12.1	12.8	10.5	5.3	13.8	8.4	5.2	9.4	4.7	3.6
Including part-timers	D Construction	13.7	24.9	13.3	14.8	12.1	10.9	12.6	5.4	6.6	14.3	6.5	8.0
	E Manufacturing	9.8	18.2	-1.1	-3.9	-3.7	-11.3	-5.6	-9.4	-11.7	-7.0	-8.9	-4.3
	G Information and communications	10.1	24.7	12.8	16.7	19.6	10.9	19.2	16.4	5.6	13.1	4.5	1.5
	H Transport and postal services	14.1	29.1	13.2	9.4	14.6	4.0	6.4	6.1	-2.1	8.7	1.1	-2.8
	I Wholesale and retail trade	19.6	27.9	16.7	20.4	15.0	10.6	19.1	10.7	5.9	12.2	10.4	8.5
	L Scientific research, professional and technical services	9.6	18.5	13.3	8.0	3.2	1.7	17.6	7.0	10.6	7.0	1.9	0.9
	M Accommodations, eating and drinking services	30.5	34.7	16.2	22.0	22.3	10.7	26.6	18.4	14.0	14.2	10.4	10.1
	${ m N} = { m Living-related} \ { m and} \ { m personal services} \ { m and} \ { m and} \ { m services}$	17.4	29.3	14.5	9.9	17.2	12.3	17.1	6.6	8.1	13.3	3.5	2.8
	O Education, learning support	4.9	21.7	6.2	15.6	2.3	7.2	29.4	13.5	9.1	13.7	11.7	4.0
	P Medical , health care and welfare	12.1	23.9	17.1	15.3	13.4	11.2	16.4	11.2	9.3	10.6	5.6	6.0
	R Services (not elsewhere classified)	17.7	30.9	15.1	15.6	9.9	3.7	13.8	10.1	8.4	9.3	3.4	2.9

## (Note)

- 1. The data is classified based on the "Japan Standard Industry Classification" revised in November 2007.
- 2. "Regular workers" refer to either a work without fixed employment term or a work with fixed term of more than 4 months (excluding seasonal work).
- 3. "Part-timers" refer to those employees whose scheduled working hour is less than that of the regular employees in the same workplace.
- 4. "Casual workers" refer to a work with fixed employment term of 1 month to 4 months and "seasonal workers" refer to a work engaged for a certain term by seasonal labour demand or utilizing own leisure time.