Chart 2. EMPLOYMENT REFERRALS FOR REGULAR WORKERS BY EMPLOYMENT PATTERN (excluding new school graduates)

| Item | Month and Year | Mar 2011 | Feb 2011 | Mar 2010 | Change from the same he same month of the preceding year (\%, point) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Regular workers excluding part-timers | 1 Monthly active applications(person(s)) | 1,973,845 | 1,831,524 | 2,136,011 | A 7.6 |
|  | 2 New applications (case(s)) | 515,890 | 474,079 | 557,651 | A 7.5 |
|  | Monthly active job openings (person (s)) | 1,002,356 | 967,016 | 804,423 | 24.6 |
|  | 4 New job openings(person(s)) | 372,012 | 384,258 | 329,835 | 12.8 |
|  | 5 Persons who found employment (case(s)) | 131,715 | 95,577 | 128,298 | 2.7 |
|  | 6 <br> Active job openings-to-applicants ratio(3/1) (time(s)) | 0.51 | 0.53 | 0.38 | 0.13 |
|  | 7 <br> New job openings-to-applicants ratio(4/2) (time(s)) | 0.72 | 0.81 | 0.59 | 0.13 |
|  | 8 <br> Ratio of persons who found employment ( $5 / 2 \times 100$ ) (\%) | 25.5 | 20.2 | 23.0 | 2.5 |
|  | 9 Sufficiency ratio(5/4x100) (\%) | 35.4 | 24.9 | 38.9 | 4 3.5 |
| Regular staff | $10 \begin{aligned} & \text { Monthly active job openings } \\ & \text { (person (s)) }\end{aligned}$ | 741,669 | 733,769 | 592,657 | 25.1 |
|  | 11 New job openings(person(s)) | 258,745 | 280,276 | 229,470 | 12.8 |
|  | 12 <br> Persons who found employment (case(s)) | 86,601 | 72,962 | 83,098 | 4.2 |
|  | 13 <br> Active job openings-to-applicants ratio(10/1) (time(s)) | 0.38 | 0.40 | 0.28 | 0.10 |
|  | 14 Sufficiency ratio(12/11×100) (\%) | 33.5 | 26.0 | 36.2 | - 2.7 |
| Regular part-timers | 15 Monthly active applications(person(s)) | 662,534 | 612,158 | 674,515 | (1.8 |
|  | 16 New applications (case(s)) | 182,106 | 166,581 | 196,695 | A 7.4 |
|  | 17 Monthly active job openings (person (s)) | 578,436 | 531,631 | 502,696 | 15.1 |
|  | 18 New job openings(person(s)) | 232,692 | 219,424 | 222,185 | 4.7 |
|  | 19 <br> Persons who found employment (case(s)) | 64,558 | 47,216 | 70,029 | ( 7.8 |
|  | 20 <br> Active job openings-to-applicants ratio(17/15) (time(s)) | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.75 | 0.12 |
|  | 21 <br> New job openings-to-applicants ratio(18/16) (time(s)) | 1.28 | 1.32 | 1.13 | 0.15 |
|  | 22 <br> Ratio of persons who found employment (19/16x100) (\%) | 35.5 | 28.3 | 35.6 | 0.1 |
|  | 23 Sufficiency ratio(19/18x100) (\%) | 27.7 | 21.5 | 31.5 | - 3.8 |

## (Notes)

1. $\mathbf{A}$ means decrease.
2. The active job openings-to-applicants ratio for regular staff is calculated by dividing monthly active job openings for regular staff by monthly active applications for regular workers excluding part-timers. However, this ratio is lower than that in a strict sense because monthly active applications for regular workers excluding part-timers include dispatch and contract workers.
3. "Regular workers" refer to either a work without fixed employment term or a work with fixed term of more than 4 months (excluding seasonal work).
4. "Part-timers" refer to those employees whose scheduled working hour is less than that of the regular employees in the same workplace.
