

Table 7. Trends in number of cases and distribution ratio by method of resolution of labour dispute

Year	Total disputes	Resolved or deemed resolved	Resolved by direct negotiation between labour & management		Resolved with involvement of third party	Labour Relations Committee participation			Other (deemed resolved)	Carried to following year		
			Third party involved			Mediation	Conciliation	Arbitration				
Cases resolved (cases)												
2007	636	531	185	80	168	164	161	3	-	178	105	
2008	657	536	138	68	218	215	213	2	-	180	121	
2009	780	627	167	109	245	245	239	6	-	215	153	
2010	682	582	165	120	198	197	195	2	-	219	100	
2011	612	478	97	75	178	178	175	3	-	203	134	
2012	596	520	96	47	209	209	206	3	-	215	76	
Percentage distribution (%)												
2007	100.0	83.5	(100.0)	(34.8)	(15.1)	(31.6)	(30.9)	(30.3)	(0.6)	(-)	(33.5)	16.5
2008	100.0	81.6	(100.0)	(25.7)	(12.7)	(40.7)	(40.1)	(39.7)	(0.4)	(-)	(33.6)	18.4
2009	100.0	80.4	(100.0)	(26.6)	(17.4)	(39.1)	(39.1)	(38.1)	(1.0)	(-)	(34.3)	19.6
2010	100.0	85.3	(100.0)	(28.4)	(20.6)	(34.0)	(33.8)	(33.5)	(0.3)	(-)	(37.6)	14.7
2011	100.0	78.1	(100.0)	(20.3)	(15.7)	(37.2)	(37.2)	(36.6)	(0.6)	(-)	(42.5)	21.9
2012	100.0	87.2	(100.0)	(18.5)	(9.0)	(40.2)	(40.2)	(39.6)	(0.6)	(-)	(41.3)	12.8

Notes: 1) "Other (deemed resolved)" includes labour disputes where a labour relations committee makes a petition for relief regarding unfair labour practices, labour disputes with no means of resolution between the labour and management parties (this includes for example, supporting or political strikes), and labour disputes where the facts of resolution have not been identified.

2) Of those "resolved by direct negotiation between labour and management", "third party involved" means a third party was involved in the process of reaching a resolution in mediation or conciliation, etc., but it was resolved by direct negotiation between labour and management.

3) Figures in brackets are distribution ratios by method of resolution, as a proportion of "resolved or deemed resolved."