



政府統計

### Release of the 2010 “Survey of Institutions and Establishments for Long-Term Care”

9-Feb-2012 The results of the 2010 “Survey of Institutions and Establishments for Long-Term Care” have now been tabulated and released by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare.

The “Survey of Institutions and Establishments for Long-Term Care” is conducted to capture the use of and distribution of personnel in long-term care services, and the types of long-term care services provided to recipients nationwide, and thereby to obtain basic data for future long-term care policies.

The subjects were all institutions and establishments within the long-term care insurance system (a total of 274,886 institutions and establishments including institutions covered by long-term care insurance, establishments providing home-based care services, etc.) The survey was conducted regarding the situation as of October 1, 2010, and those responding institutions and establishments which were active (a total of 231,145) were tabulated.

\*The survey excludes home-visit rehabilitation (including for preventive long-term care; hereinafter the same), home-based recuperative care control and instruction, and home-visit nursing care and daycare rehabilitation provided by medical institutions as deemed designation services.

Figures for the number of institutions and establishments, number of residents, number of recipients, number of employees, etc. are not tabulated, and no annual comparison is made to surveys conducted in 2009 or before, as the response rate differs due to changes to the survey method.

#### Key Survey Results

[Institution/Establishment survey]

- The most commonly used type of service in terms of number of uses of a long-term care service provided by an institution or establishment per person during September 2010 was “small-scale multifunctional home-based long-term care”, at 28.9 times, followed by “home-visit care” at 16.9 times. (Page 7, Table 5)
- The number of residents of “recuperative medical care facilities for the elderly requiring

long-term care” as a proportion of all residents in institutions covered by long-term care insurance (welfare facilities for the elderly requiring long-term care, healthcare facilities for the elderly requiring long-term care, and recuperative medical care facilities for the elderly requiring long-term care) decreased on the previous year, to 9.8%. (Page 9, Table 8)

- The type of institution covered by long-term care insurance which had the highest proportion of “Private rooms” was welfare facilities for the elderly requiring long-term care, at 63.1% (61.7% in 2009). (Page 10, Table 10)
- The care level of residents living in institutions covered by the long-term care insurance is getting severe for these few years, and the average care level by type of institution was 3.88 for welfare facilities for the elderly requiring long-term care, 3.32 for Healthcare facilities for the elderly requiring long-term care, and 4.39 for Recuperative medical care facilities for the elderly requiring long-term care. (Page 11, Figure 4)

[User survey]

- The share of people returning to “home” after leaving institutions covered by the long-term care was the highest at 23.8% in healthcare facilities for the elderly requiring long-term care which is made for people’s returning to home. (Page 14, Figure 7)

See the attached summary for details.

Please click [here](#) for the details (Japanese only)