令和3年2月 日 血液事業部会安全技術調査会

新型コロナウイルスワクチン接種者に対する採血制限の期間について(案)

今般、新型コロナウイルスワクチンの接種が開始されることに鑑み、厚生労働科学研究班(「安全な血液製剤の安定供給に資する適切な採血事業体制の構築に関する研究」代表 濵口功 国立感染症研究所血液・安全性研究部長)において、別添のとおり、現時点での知見が整理された。

今回の新型コロナウイルスワクチンについては、これまで我が国で使用されてきたワクチンとは異なるタイプのワクチンであること、血液製剤の安定供給に支障を来す状況にはないこと等から、当分の間、下記のように取り扱うことが適当と考えられる。

また、今後も引き続き、さらなる知見の収集を行うとともに、血液製剤の供給 状況、国内におけるワクチンの開発状況等を注視した上で、不活化ワクチン等に おいて接種後1週間等とする取り扱いも含め、改めて検討すべきと考えられる。

#### ○ 当分の間の取り扱い

新型コロナウイルスワクチンの種類	採血制限の期間	
全てのワクチン	接種後4週間	

#### ※参考(研究班での議論)

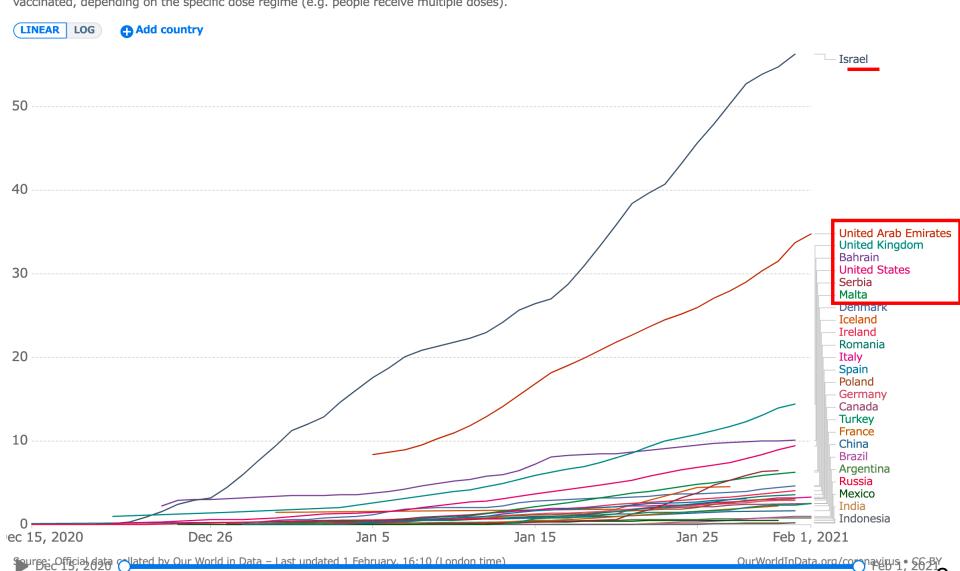
研究班では、mRNA ワクチンやウイルスベクターワクチンを不活化ワクチンと同様に分類し接種後1週間等としている例が複数あることから、そうした対応も候補として議論された。しかし、ウイルスベクターワクチンを接種後4週間とするものや、接種後に発熱等を呈した場合は1~4週間後とするものなど、国によって対応が定まっておらず、引き続き、さらなる知見の収集を行う必要があると考えられた。また、いずれの対応が妥当か否かは、知見の収集に加えて、血液製剤の供給状況等も含め総合的に勘案する必要があり、安全技術調査会の意見を尊重すべきとの意見も出された。

### 世界のCOVID-19ワクチン接種数

### COVID-19 vaccine doses administered per 100 people



Total number of vaccination doses administered per 100 people in the total population. This is counted as a single dose, and may not equal the total number of people vaccinated, depending on the specific dose regime (e.g. people receive multiple doses).

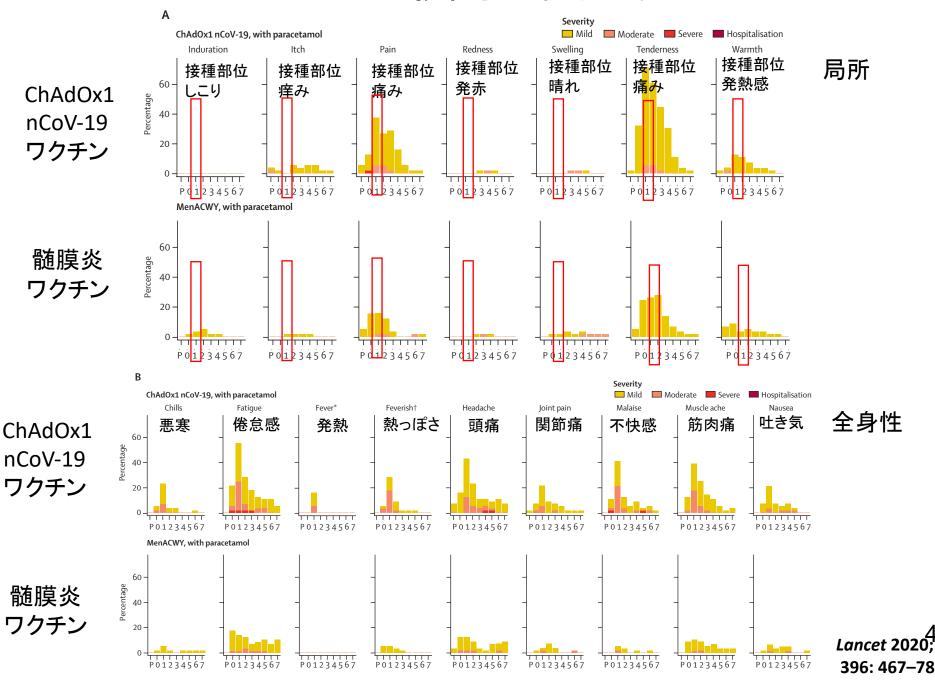


## COVID-19ワクチン接種後の献血規制

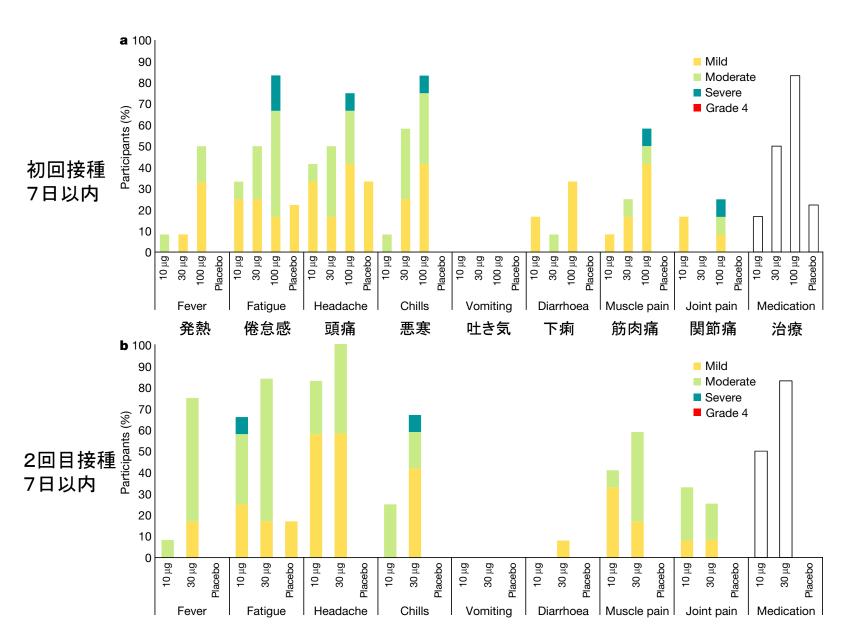
規制当局	ワクチンタイプ	条件	対応	Link	update
FDA	nonreplicating, inactivated, or mRNA-based COVID-19 vaccine live-attenuated viral COVID-19		without a waiting period waiting period (e.g., 14 days) after receipt of	https://www.fda.gov/vaccines- blood-biologics/safety-availability- biologics/undated-information- blood-establishments-regarding- covid-19-pandemic-and-blood- donation?utm_medium=email&ut_m_source=govdeliver.	21.01.19
	vaccine		the vaccine	https://www.blood.ca/en/blood/a m-i-eligible/abcs-eligibility	
HSA Singapore	Inactivated viruses or vaccines that do not contain live agents (e.g. Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine)	No side effects	3 days after vaccination	https://www.hsa.gov.sg/blood- donation/covid-19-vaccine	20.12.30
		Side effects <b>excluding</b> fever, muscle ache, joint pain and rash.	1 week after side effects are resolved		
		Side effects such as fever, muscle ache, joint pain and rash.	4 weeks after side effects are resolved		
	Virus vector based or live	No side effects	4 weeks after vaccination		
	attenuated	Side effects excluding fever, muscle ache, joint pain and rash.	1 week after side effects are resolved.  If the side effects are resolved in less than 4 weeks, donors must still wait for 4 weeks after vaccination before they can donate blood.		
		Side effects such as fever, muscle ache, joint pain and rash.	4 weeks after side effects are resolved		
UK	nonreplicating, inactivated, or mRNA-based COVID-19 vaccine (Pfizer/BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine or the AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine)		Less than 7 days after the most recent immunization	Joint UKBTS Professional Advisory Committee (JPAC), Change Notification UK National Blood Services No. 73 - 2020	20.12.15
	any other COVID-19 vaccine (live- attenuated viral COVID-19 vaccine)		Less than 4 weeks after the most recent immunization		
Malta	non-live type COVID-19 vaccine e.g. Pfizer/BioNTech or Moderna		<ul><li>7 days from vaccination before giving blood,</li><li>7 days from symptom cessation</li></ul>	https://deputyprimeminister.gov. mt/en/nbts/Pages/Covid- 19/Blood-Donation-during-Covid- 19-FAQ%27s-aspx	
	live-attenuated type COVID-19 vaccine		4 weeks from the last dose before giving blood		3
UAE	COVID-19 vaccine		The deferral for 28 days to those who took	https://www.dmcc.ae/events/dm cc-blood-donation-drive	

Covid-19 vaccine

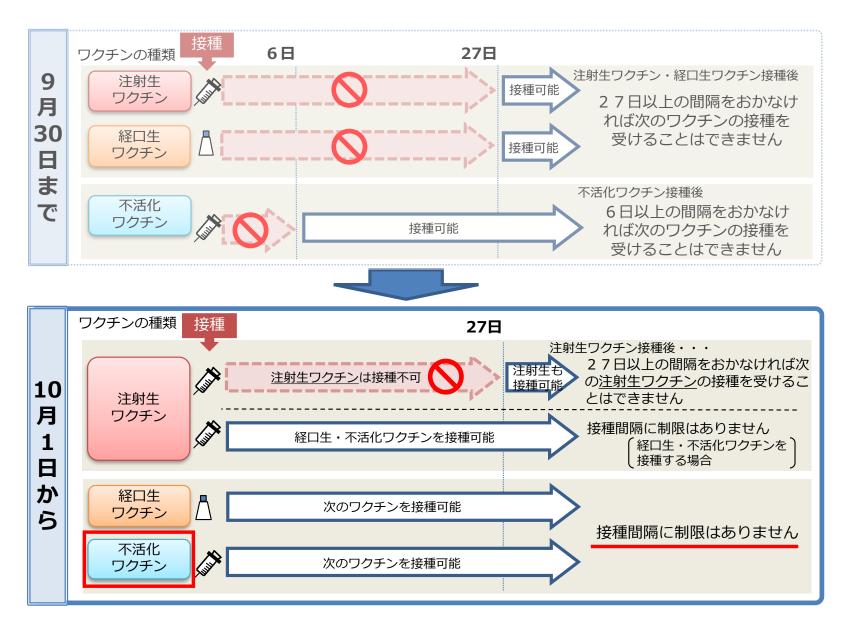
## ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 接種後の副反応発生状況



# COVID-19 mRNA vaccine BNT162b1接種後の副反応発生状況



## 日本におけるワクチンの接種間隔



6



# Blood donations vital during pandemic, UAE doctors say

### UAEでの献血減少問題

Saman Haziq/Dubai Filed on January 28, 2021 Blood donations are more necessary than ever during the current Covid-19 pandemic, and blood centres throughout the UAE are taking measures to ensure that donations continue in a safe manner for blood donors and recipients. However, as the pandemic enters its second year, health experts are encountering one more indirect but equally serious consequence – falling numbers of blood donations.

Citing reasons for the plunge, Dr. Naveen Kumar Tiwari, speciality pathology, NMC Royal Hospital, DIP, Dubai said: "The two main reasons are – one, hesitation to visit health facilities and second, new donor screening criteria added like deferral for those coming from abroad for two weeks or the deferral for 28 days to those who took Covid-19 vaccine."

Dr Gunjan Mahajan, specialist clinical pathologist at Burjeel Hospital For Advanced Surgery, Dubai, also added that currently, the disequilibrium in the stores of blood products at blood banks across the world is primarily due to reduced blood donations and an increase in demand.

"The situation became worse with less blood donation camps being organised, reduced willingness among people to visit blood donation centres and large number of population remaining within their safety bubble or in quarantine. While safety of individuals, following government social distancing protocols need to be followed, availability of blood and blood products is crucial in supporting those in need of regular blood transfusion on account of blood disorders, obstetric patients, cancer patients and others in dire need, such as victims of road traffic accidents etc," she said.

#### 別添2

#### ワクチン等の接種状況に応じた採血制限期間の現行の取り扱い

ワクチン等の種類	例	採血制限の期間		
不活化ワクチン	インフルエンザ、日本脳炎、コレラ、	接種後 24 時間		
	肺炎球菌、百日咳、A型肝炎、狂犬病			
	等			
弱毒生ワクチン	黄熱、麻疹、ポリオ、おたふくかぜ、	接種後4週間		
	風疹、水痘、BCG 等			
抗血清	破傷風、蛇毒、ジフテリア等	接種後3か月		
B型肝炎ワクチン		接種後2週間		
咬傷後の狂犬病ワク	接種後1年			

<sup>※「</sup>安全な血液製剤の安定供給の確保等に関する法律第25条に基づく健康診断並びに生物由来原料基準第2の1(1)及び2(1)に規定する問診等について」(令和2年8月27日薬生発0827第7号局長通知)より、第1の1(2)血液製剤の安全性の向上の観点から実施する問診「エ ワクチン等の接種状況」を抜粋。