

Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR) approaches at global and national levels

Dr. Katinka de Balogh Senior Animal Health and Production Officer

The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Regional Office for Asia and the Pacific Bangkok, Thailand

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

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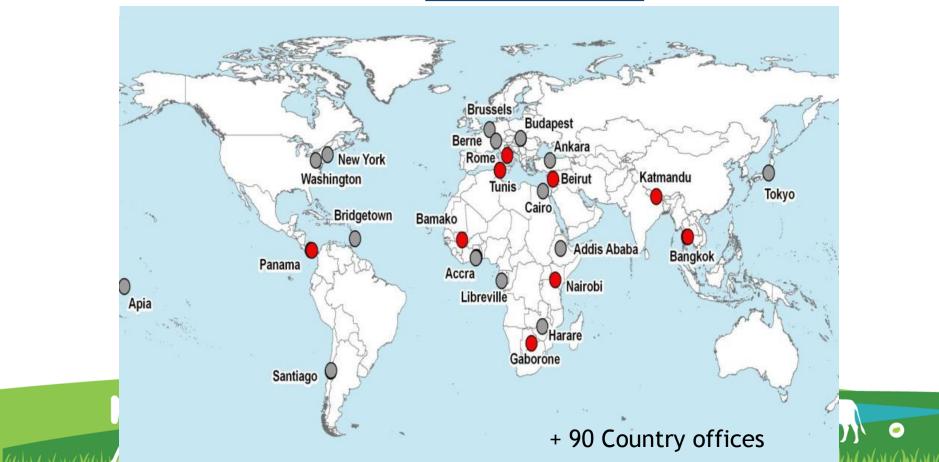
Regional Office for Asia and the Pacific Bangkok, Thailand



Headquarters Rome, Italy



FAO: Worldwide





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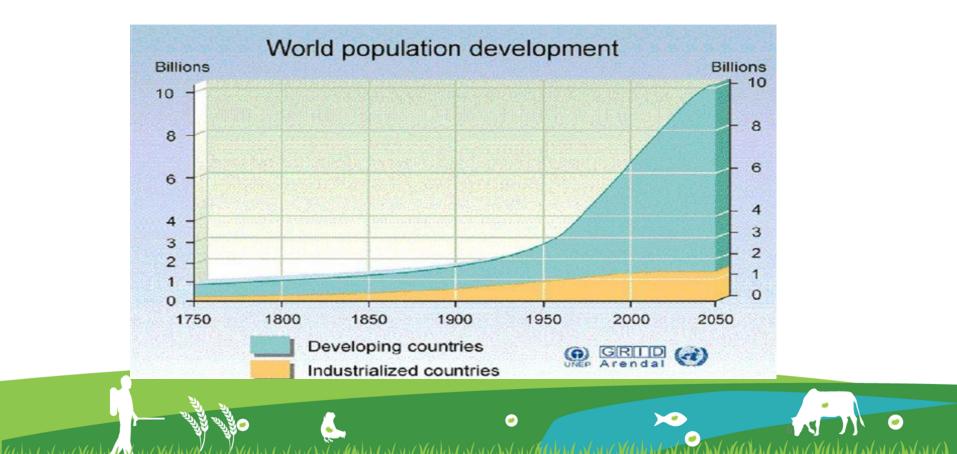
Sustainable Development Goals 2015-2030







World population 1750-2050





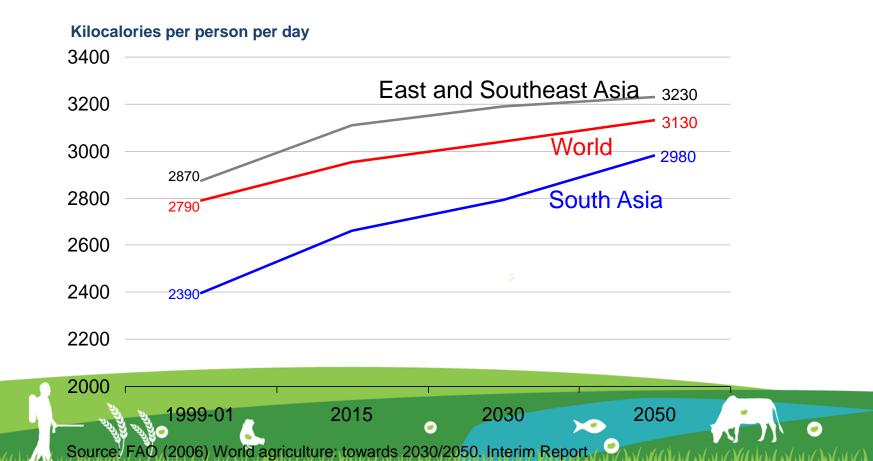








Projections of per capita food consumption





Increase in demand for animal sourced foods







Changes in the commodity composition of food consumption (world)

Kg/person/year	1964/66	1974/76	1984/86	1997/99	2015	2030
Cereals, food	147	151	168	171	171	171
Cereals, all uses	283	304	335	317	332	344
Roots and tubers	83	80	68	69	71	74
Sugar (raw sugar equivalent	21	23	24	24	25	26
Pulses, dry	9	7	6	6	6	6
Vegetable oils, oilseeds and products (oil eq.)	6	7	9	11	14	16
Meat (carcass weight)	24	27	31	36	41	45
Milk and dairy, excl.butter (fresh milk eq.)	74	75	79	78	83	90
Other food (kcal/person/day)	208	217	237	274	280	290
Total food (kcal/person/day)	2358	2435	2655	2803	2940	3050



What should be

Table 2.8Changes in the commodity composition of food consumption,
developing regions

Kg/person/year	1964/66	1974/76	1984/86	1997/99	2015	2030		
	South Asia							
Cereals, food	146	143	156	163	177	183		
Roots and tubers	13	19	19	22	27	30		
Sugar (raw sugar equivalent)	20	20	23	27	30	32		
Pulses, dry	15	13	12	11	9	8		
Vegetable oils, oilseeds and products (oil eq.)	5	5	6	8	12	14		
Meat (carcass weight)	4	4	4	5	8	12		
Milk and dairy, excl. butter (fresh milk eq.)	37	38	51	68	88	107		
Other food (kcal/person/day)	81	85	100	129	150	160		
Total food (kcal/person/day)	2 016	1 986	2 204	2 403	2 700	2 900		
	East Asia							
Cereals, food	146	162	201	199	190	183		
Roots and tubers	94	94	67	66	64	61		
Sugar (raw sugar equivalent)	5	6	10	12	15	17		
Pulses, dry	8	4	4	2	2	2		
Vegetable oils, oilseeds and products (oil eq.)	3	4	6	10	13	16		
Meat (carcass weight)	9	10	17	38	50	59		
Milk and dairy, excl. butter (fresh milk eq.)	4	4	6	10	14	18		
Other food (kcal/person/day)	100	107	149	290	315	340		
Total food (kcal/person/day)	1 958	2 105	2 559	2 921	3 060	3 1 9 0		

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Note: Cereal food consumption includes the grain equivalent of beer consumption and of corn sweeteners.



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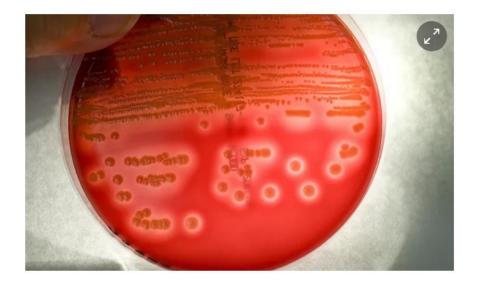
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10 Million people will die per year across the world by 2050 linked to antimicrobial resistance

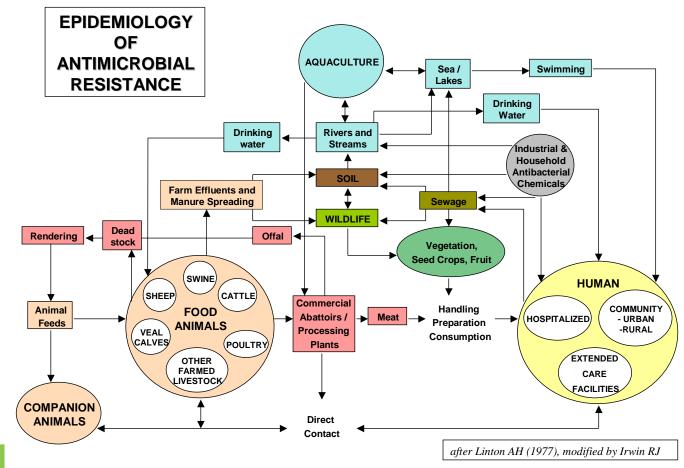
Antibiotic resistance is not theoretical: the threat is real and immediate

On the 61st anniversary of Alexander Fleming's death, we are on the road back to where he started: the days of people dying from common infections and injuries





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AMR is not a stand-alone issue

- 68th World Health Assembly (May 2015)
 - Adoption of the Global Action Plan (GAP) on antimicrobial resistance (FAO and OIE contribution)









CALLA IN ANTALAN (AN

This action plan underscores the need for an effective "one health" approach involving coordination among numerous international sectors and actors, including human and veterinary medicine, agriculture, finance, environment, and well-informed consumers. The action plan recognizes and addresses both the variable resources nations have to combat antimicrobial resistance and the economic factors that discourage the development of replacement products by the pharmaceutical industry.

An all-out effort is needed. WHO will work with the United Nations to tackle antimicrobial resistance at the political level. <u>Our strong collaboration with FAO and OIE will continue</u>. A framework for monitoring and evaluating national activities is being developed. The objective is to have multisectoral national action plans in place by the 2017 World Health Assembly.

Antimicrobial resistance is a crisis that must be managed with the utmost urgency. As the world enters the ambitious new era of sustainable development, we cannot allow hard-won gains for health to be eroded by the failure of our mainstay medicines.

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Dr Margaret Chan Director-General World Health Organization

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AMR is not a stand-alone issue

- 83rd World Assembly of the OIE Delegates (May 2015)
- Adoption of the Resolution No. 26 on AMR







CALLA IN ANTALAN (AN

The 39th Session of FAO's governing Conference in June 2015 Adoption of the Resolution 4/2015 on AMR



http://www.fao.org/antimicrobial-resista

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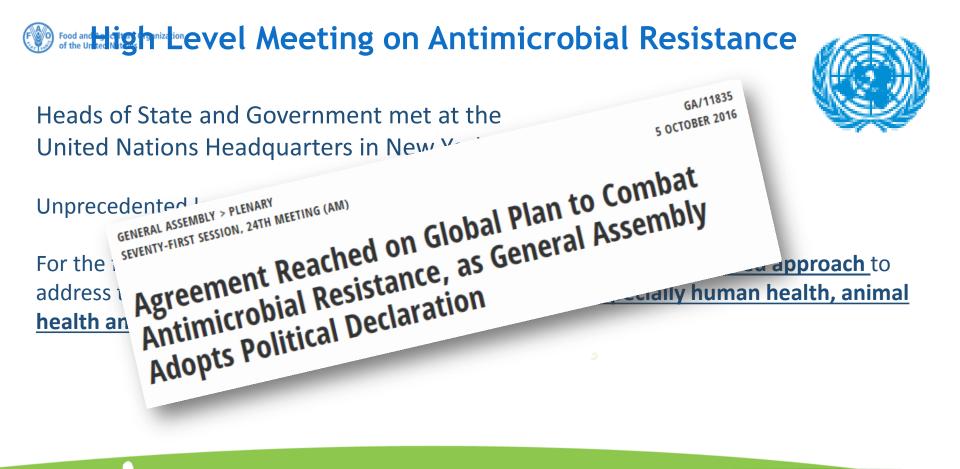




Political Declaration of the high-level meeting of the **UN General Assembly** on antimicrobial resistance

21 September 2016 New York, USA





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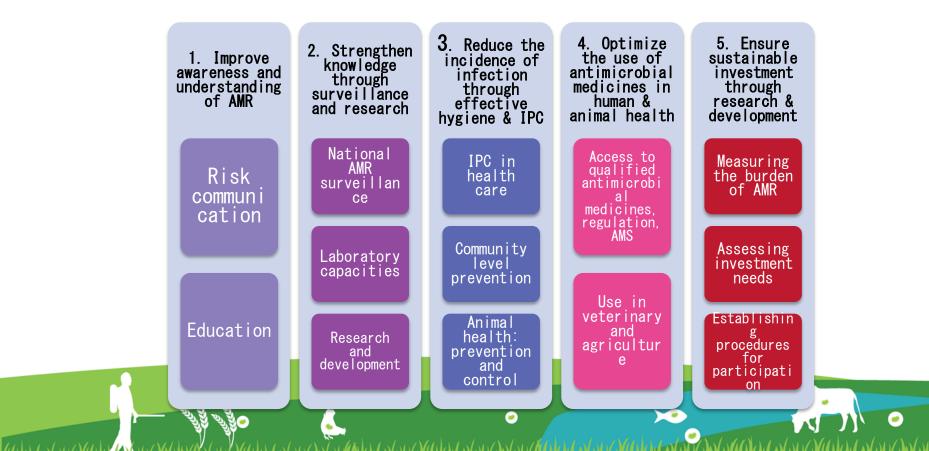
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Countries committed to develop multi-sectoral national action plans in line with a "One Health" approach and the global action plan on antimicrobial resistance



Food and Agriculture Organizat Key areas in Global Action Plan and National Action Plans





One Health collaboration

UNGA called upon the Tripartite (and other intergovernmental organizations), to support the development and implementation of national action plans and antimicrobial resistance activities at the national, regional and global levels



Global leader for food and agriculture

WORLD ORGANISATION FOR ANIMAL HEALTH

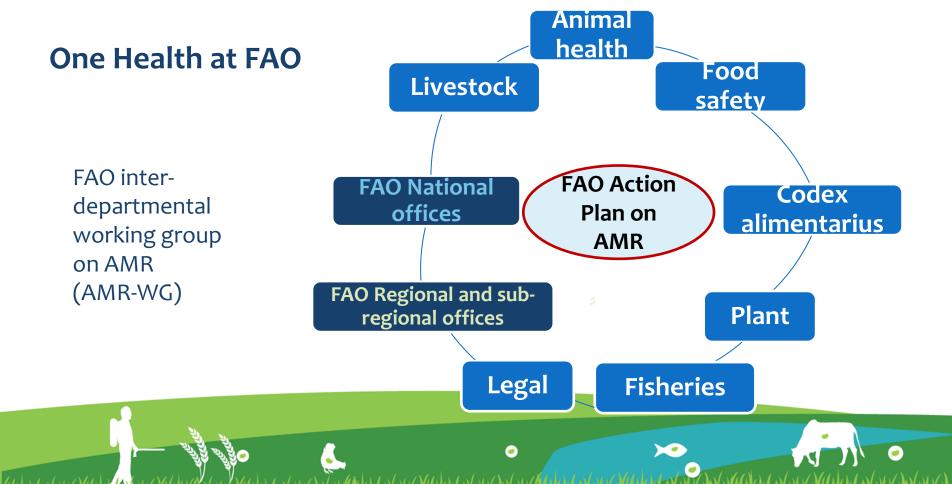
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Global leader for animal health and welfare standards



Global leader for human health

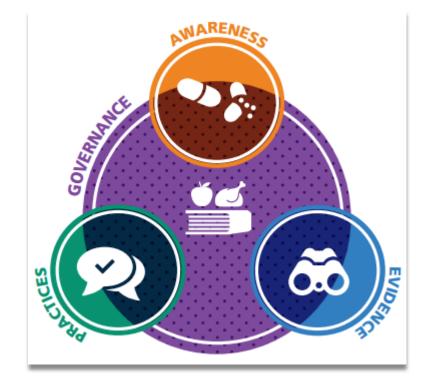






THE FAO ACTION PLAN ON ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE 2016-2020

Supporting the food and agriculture sectors to prevent and minimize antimicrobial resistance and the implementation of the Global Action Plan on Antimicrobial Resistance



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Developing National Action Plans



ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE What is it?

MICRO-ORGANISMS Micro-orgranisms are everywhere.

They include bacteria that can sometimes cause disease and infection in humans, animals and plants.

> ANTIMICROBIALS A substance, like antibiotics and others, used to kill or stop micro-organisms from growing.

ANTIMICROBIAL Resistance (AMR)

AMR refers to the ability of micro-organisms to survive despite antimicrobial treatment. This is a serious threat to both human and animal health and it's becoming harder to address.

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Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

Raising awareness

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2016 Antibiotics Awareness Week



CAMPAIGN GUIDE & TOOLKIT

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Antibiotic Awareness week 14-20 November 2016

https://dl.dropboxusercontent.co m/u/34921962/2016%20AAW%20Gu ide%20and%20Toolkit.docx

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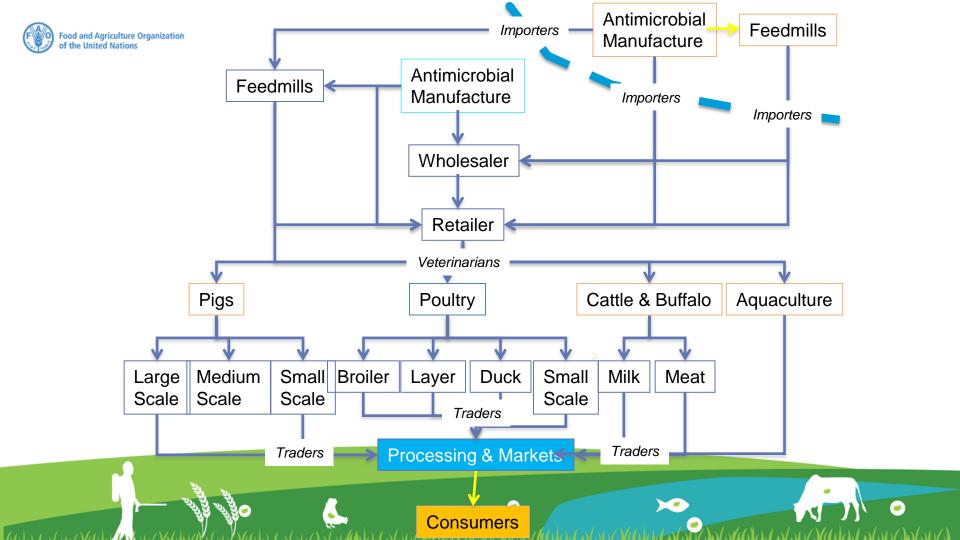
Cross sectorial / Multi-sectorial

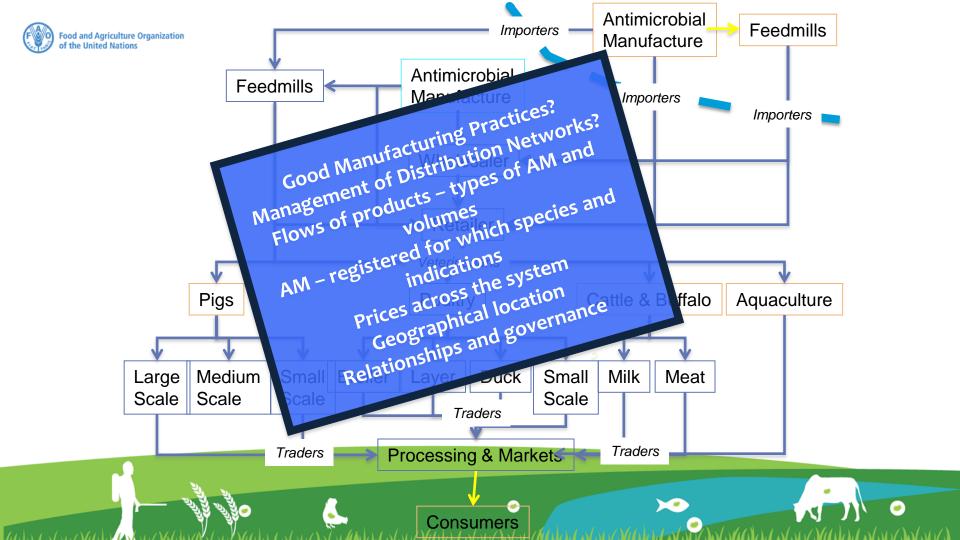
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Non-therapeutic use	Animal Health		Human health
			14
Animal production (terrestrial and aquatic)	Environment	FOOD AND AGRICULTURE	Food safety
Crop production	- 'XX		5
Waste from use and production	Fisheries		Plant
	Animal production (terrestrial and aquatic) Crop production Waste from use and	Animal Health Animal production (terrestrial and aquatic) Crop production Waste from use and	Animal Health Animal production (terrestrial and aquatic) Crop production Waste from use and production

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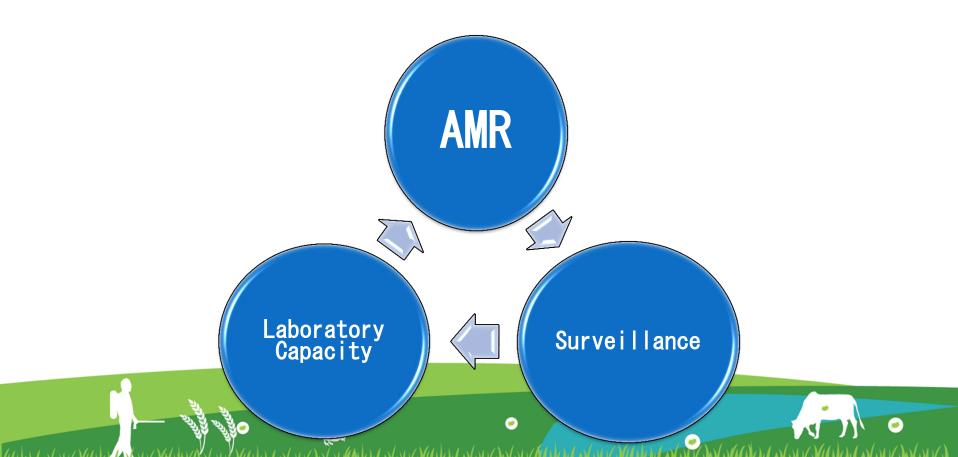
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Strengthened capacities in surveillance of AMR and antimicrobial residue in livestock/livestock products



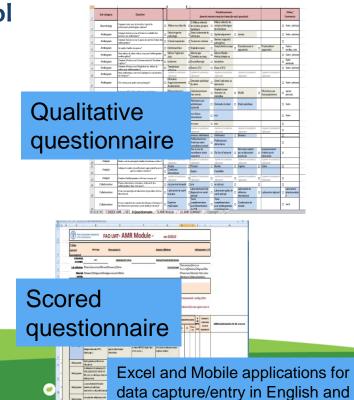


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AMR module in Laboratory Mapping Tool

To (auto-)assess individual laboratories on their capacity of: ✓ pathogen isolation&identification ✓ antimicrobial resistance testing

Focusing on 6 major categories: Technical capacities Data and biological material management activities Quality Assessment Governance Prospective



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Terrestrial animal production systems and health and animal feed

- Good husbandry and Good hygiene practices
- Improved biosecurity
- Animal welfare
- Infection control
- Vaccinations on sys

Aquatic animal production systems and health

Crop production and health

- AMR as one of 3 topics to be a research priority
- Good practices
- Biosecurity
- Infection control
- Good Agriculture Practice

- Regulation of antimicrobials used for crop production
- Integrated Pest Management (IPM) for reducing use of antimicrobials
- Management and use of microbial pesticides (pesticide life-circle management)
- Registration of pesticides including assessment of microbial pesticides



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Thank you!



www.fao.org/antimicrobial-resistance

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<u>Contact</u>: katinka.debalogh@fao.org

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