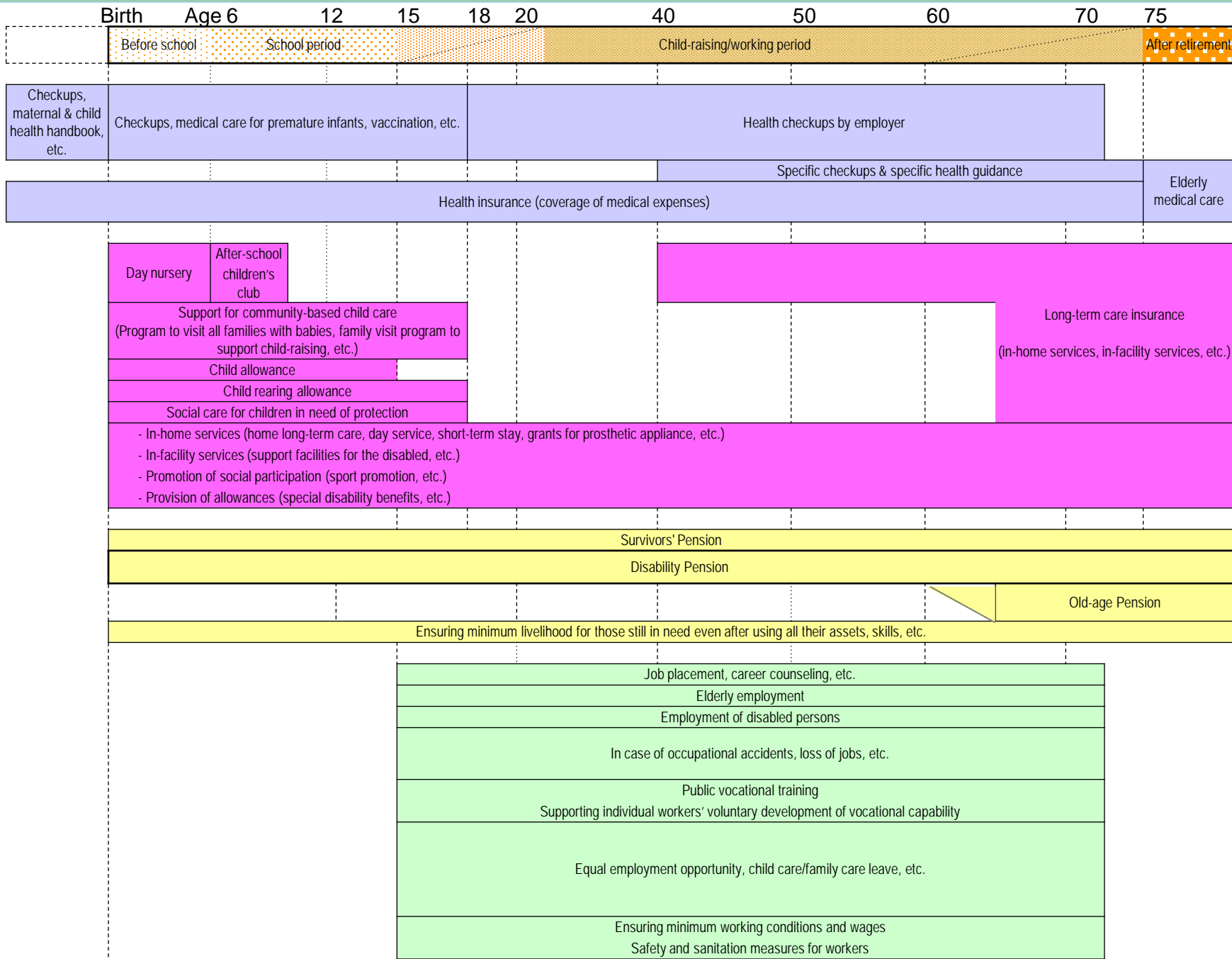


# Social security system supporting people throughout their lifetime



**[Health/medical care]**

- Health promotion
- Checkups
- Disease treatment
- Medical care

**[Social welfare, etc.]**

- Child welfare
- Welfare for fatherless families & widows
- Welfare for disabled persons (children)

**[Income security]**

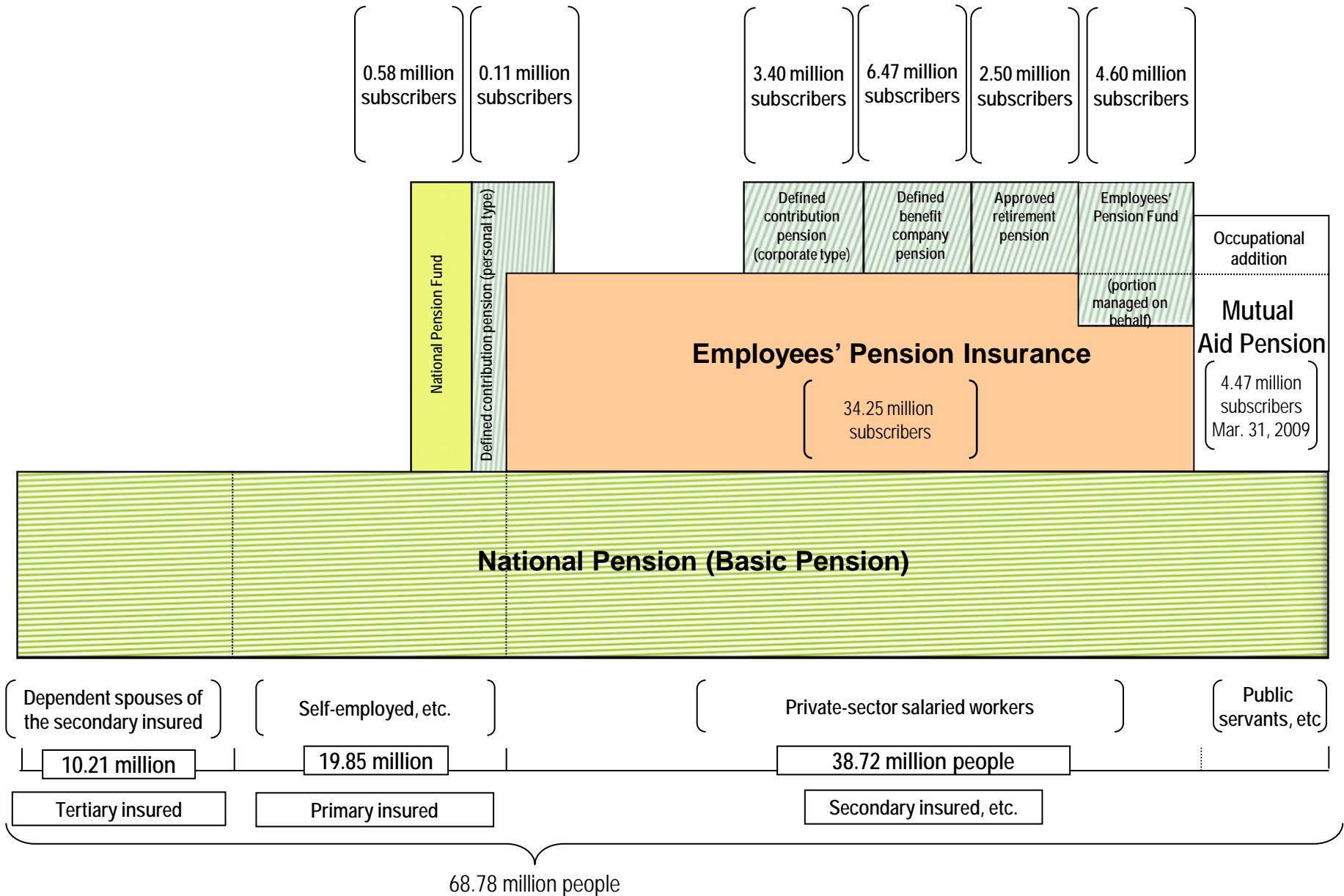
- Pension system
- Public assistance

**[Employment]**

- Labor supply-demand adjustment
- Workers' compensation insurance
- Employment insurance
- Vocational capability development
- Equal employment opportunity between men and women
- Support for work-life balance
- Working conditions

# Structure of the pension system

(Figures are as of the end of March 2010 unless otherwise noted.)



# Overview of the medical care system

- Ages 75 and over:  
Pay 10% of the bill  
(30% for those earning as much as working generations)
- Ages 70 to 74:  
Pay 20% of the bill\*  
(30% for those earning as much as working generations)
- After enrollment in compulsory schooling to age 69:  
Pay 30% of the bill
- Before enrollment in compulsory schooling:  
Pay 20% of the bill

\*Maintained at 10% since April 2008

**Patient  
(insured person)**



Patients pay ¥4.9tn

(2) Consult a doctor, pay his share of the bill



(3) Diagnosis

Medical care expenses: ¥34.8tn

Insurance contribution: ¥17.0tn

(1) Insurance contribution

**Insurer**

(5) Payment

(4) Billing

## [Medical service structure]

8,739 hospitals  
(1,601,476 beds)

99,635 clinics  
(141,817 beds)

68,097 dental clinics

53,304 pharmacies

\*Figures as of October 1, 2009;  
the figure for pharmacies as of  
March 31, 2009

## [Health insurance system]

**Government**



**State**

**Prefecture**

**Municipality**

Public funds

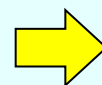


Public funds



Support contribution

**Insurers**



(Major systems)	(No. of insurers)	(No. of Subscribers)
National Health Insurance	1,888	39 million
Health insurance managed by Japan Health Insurance Association (formerly government-managed)	1	35 million
Society-managed Health Insurance	1,473	30 million
Mutual Aid Associations	83	9 million

\*Both the numbers of insurers and subscribers as of the end of March 2010

Medical care system for the latter-stage elderly	47	14 million
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\*The number of subscribers as of the end of March 2010



286,699 **doctors**  
99,426 **dentists**  
267,751 **pharmacists**  
918,263 **nurses**  
51,703 **public health nurses**  
30,130 **midwives**

\*Figures for doctors, physicians, dentists and pharmacists as of December 31, 2008

\*Figures for nurses, public health nurses, and midwives based on 2008 data compiled by the Nursing Division of the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

# Structure of the health insurance system

## Medical care system for the latter-stage elderly

- For those aged 75 and over
- Approx. 13 million people covered
- 47 insurers

Age 75

## Finance Adjustment System for the early-stage elderly (approx. 14 million people)

Age 65

Retiree Medical Care  
(transitional measure)

- For retired salaried workers
- Approx. 2 million people

### National Health Insurance

- For the self-employed, those living on pensions, irregular employees, etc.
- Approx. 39 million people
- Approx. 2,000 insurers

Regional insurance

### Japan Health Insurance Association (formerly Government-managed Health Insurance)

- For salaried workers at SMEs
- Approx. 35 million people
- 1 insurer

Employee insurance

### Society-managed Health Insurance

- For salaried workers at large companies
- Approx. 30 million people
- Approx. 1,500 insurers

### Mutual Aid Associations

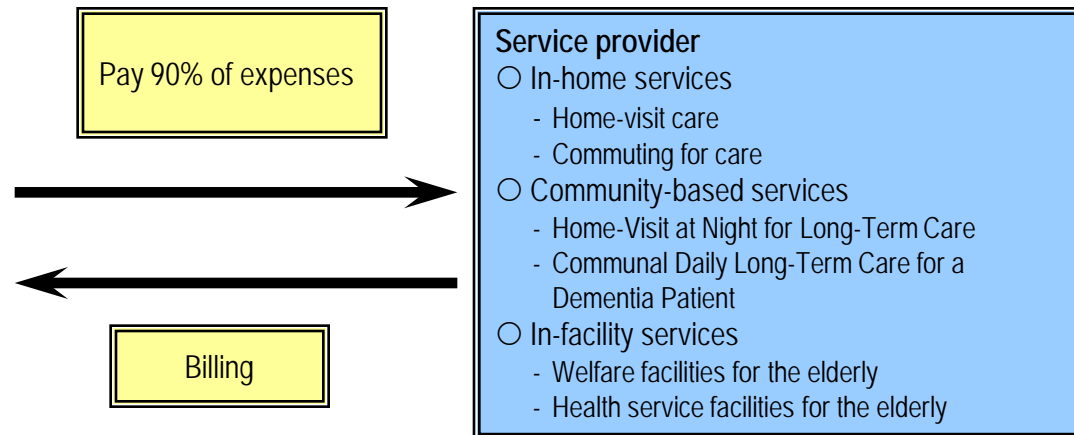
- For public servants
- Approx. 9 million people
- 77 insurers

\*The numbers of subscribers and insurers as of the end of 2009 (except those for the early-stage elderly, which are estimates in FY 2010 budget)

# Structure of the long-term care insurance system

## Municipal government (insurer)

	Municipality	Prefecture	State
<b>Tax</b> <b>50%</b>	<b>12.5%</b>	<b>12.5% (*)</b>	<b>25% (*)</b>
		<i>*For facility benefits, 20% by the state and 17.5% by the prefecture</i>	
<b>Insurance contribution</b> <b>50%</b>	<b>20%</b>	<b>30%</b>	
		<i>Set according to population ratio</i>	



**Service provider**

- In-home services
  - Home-visit care
  - Commuting for care
- Community-based services
  - Home-Visit at Night for Long-Term Care
  - Communal Daily Long-Term Care for a Dementia Patient
- In-facility services
  - Welfare facilities for the elderly
  - Health service facilities for the elderly

**Financial Stability Fund**

(FY 2009-2011)

**National pool**  
National Health Insurance,  
Health Insurance Society, etc.

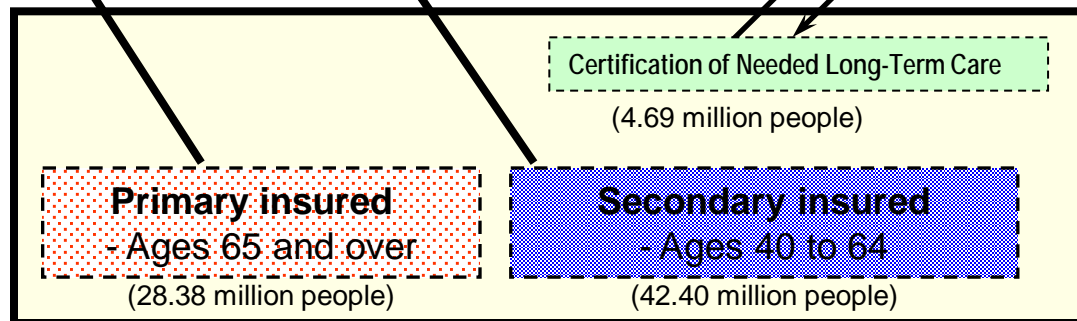
**Each municipality**

Insurance contribution  
*Deducted from pension, in principle*

**Pay 10%**  
**Residence/food expenses**

**Offer services**

## Subscribers (insured persons)



Note: The number of the primary insured is based on the "Report on the Operation Status of the Long-Term Care Insurance System (provisional) (as of the end of April 2009)."  
The number of the secondary insured is based on reports from the insurers submitted to the Social Insurance Medical Fee Payment Fund to determine the amount of long-term care benefits payment, and is the monthly average in FY 2008.