## Explanation of Terms

- Court divorce: Divorces that take effect through the involvement of the court. There are five types of court divorce: Divorce by conciliation, divorce by adjustment, divorce by compromise, divorce by acknowledgment of claim, and judicial divorce. These are collectively referred to as Court divorce. These divorces respectively take effect when the conciliation is reached (divorce by conciliation), the adjustment is made (divorce by adjustment), the compromise is agreed upon (divorce by compromise), the claim is acknowledged (divorce by acknowledgment of claim), and the judgment is finalized (judicial divorce).
- Type of household occupation

| Type of household <br> occupation | Abbreviation | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Agricultural households | Agriculture | Households that are engaged in agriculture only, or in <br> agriculture and other job(s) |
| Self-employed <br> households | Self-employed | Households that manage businesses in service, commerce, <br> industry, etc. on their own |
| Employee households (I) | Employee (I) | Households of regular employed workers who work for <br> companies, personal shops, etc. (excluding government <br> agencies), whose number of employees ranges from 1 to 99 <br> (Households of daily contract workers or for less than one <br> year are included in "Other households") |
| Employee or director <br> households (II) | Employee or <br> director (II) | Households of regular employed workers that are not <br> included in "Employee households (I)," and households of <br> directors or executive officers at corporate associations <br> (Households of daily contract workers or for less than one <br> year are included in "Other households") |
| Other households | Others | Households with other jobs that do not fit into the above <br> categories |
| Not working households | Not working | Households where no one is working <br> (Including households living on income from pensions, <br> interest, etc.) |

- A child under parental authority: An unmarried child under 20 years of age (under 18 years of age from April 1, 2022).
- Month of registration: Month of registration for divorce by mutual agreement, and month of completion or acknowledgment or finalization for divorce by conciliation or adjustment or compromise or acknowledgment of claim or judicial divorce
- (Divorces of couples who) ended cohabitation in the same year: Divorces separated and registered for divorce in each year of registration
- Duration of cohabitation: Years until cohabitation ended from the time of the wedding ceremony or of starting cohabitation whichever was earlier
- Duration of separation: Years from ending cohabitation until registration of divorce


## Explanation of ratio

Divorce rate by age group
(couples who ended cohabitation in the $=$
same year)

Divorces by age group at the time of separation (couples who ended cohabitation in the same year) Male or female population of the relevant age group
x 1,000

Divorces by age group at the time of separation $=\quad$ (couples who ended cohabitation in the same year) x 1,000

$$
=\frac{\text { Divorces by age group at the time divorce registered }}{\text { Male or female population of the relevant age group }} \times 1,000
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\left\{\begin{array}{c}
\text { Marriages by age at registration (each age ) } \\
\text { Male (or female) population of the relevant age }
\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{l}
\text { Total number of males aged } \\
18 \text { and females aged } 16 \text { to } 80
\end{array} \\
& \left.\begin{array}{c}
\text { Divorces by age at registration (each age) } \\
\text { Male (or female) population of the relevant age }
\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{l}
\text { Total number of males aged } \\
18 \text { and females aged } 16 \text { to } 80
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

